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# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

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**A D V I S O R Y**

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**Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of  
Chiefs of Police**

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation,  
U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

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## SUMMARY

### *Crimes Against Persons.*

The first quarter of 1939 showed a 7 percent increase in crimes of rape as compared with the first 3 months of 1938. For this type of crime the 1939 record exceeds each of the preceding 8 years. On the other hand, assault with deadly weapons and negligent manslaughter reached low points in 1939. Murder showed substantially no change as compared with 1938.

### *Crimes Against Property.*

Crimes against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft) all show decreases during 1939 as compared with the preceding year. The auto theft figure was lower than for any of the years 1931-38. With the exception of 1936, the 1939 figures for robbery and burglary were lower than for preceding years. On the other hand, the larceny figure was in excess of all prior years except 1938.

### *Distribution of Crimes by Type.*

More than two-thirds of the crimes reported for the first quarter of 1939 consisted of larcenies (56.3 percent) and auto thefts (12.1 percent). Burglaries were represented by 23.8 percent of the crimes and robberies by 4.0 percent, making a total of 96.2 percent committed for the purpose of obtaining property. The remaining 3.8 percent consisted of homicides, rapes, and other felonious assaults.

More than 45 percent of the places burglarized were residences. Eleven percent of the larcenies involved thefts of property valued in excess of \$50; 65 percent involving property ranging from \$5 to \$50 in value; and the property was valued at less than \$5 per offense in the remaining 24 percent of the thefts.

*Geographic Distribution of Crimes.*

The crime data have been arranged to make possible comparisons between local data and average figures for cities of the same size located in the same section of the United States. National averages for cities grouped by size are also presented, together with figures for individual cities with population in excess of 100,000.

*Offenses Cleared by Arrest.*

Compilations based on annual crime reports for the calendar year 1938 are included and reflect the following proportion of offenses cleared by arrest: Murder, 89.5 percent; manslaughter by negligence, 87.1 percent; rape, 82.5 percent; aggravated assault, 77.3 percent; robbery, 42.5 percent; burglary, 34.7 percent; larceny, 25.3 percent; auto theft, 22.3 percent.

For offenses against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft) the number of offenses cleared is generally considerably in excess of the number of persons charged with the crimes. On the other hand, for offenses against the person (homicide and felonious assaults) the number of persons charged generally equals or exceeds the number of offenses cleared. More than 75 percent of the persons held for prosecution were found guilty.

### CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

The term "offenses known to the police" is designed to include those crimes designated as part I classes of the uniform classification occurring within the police jurisdiction, whether they become known to the police through reports of police officers, of citizens, of prosecuting or court officials, or otherwise. They are confined to the following group of seven classes of grave offenses, shown by experience to be those most generally and completely reported to the police: Criminal homicide, including (a) murder, nonnegligent manslaughter, and (b) manslaughter by negligence; rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary—breaking or entering; larceny—theft; and auto theft. The figures contained herein include also the number of attempted crimes of the designated classes. Attempted murders, however, are reported as aggravated assaults. In other words, an attempted burglary or robbery, for example, is reported in the bulletin in the same manner as if the crime had been completed.

"Offenses known to the police" include, therefore, all of the above offenses, including attempts, which are reported by the police departments of contributing cities and not merely arrests or cleared cases. Complaints which upon investigation are learned to be groundless are not included in the tabulations which follow.

In the last section of this bulletin may be found brief definitions of part I and part II offense classifications.

*Extent of Reporting Area.*

In the table which follows there is shown the number of police departments from which one or more crime reports were received

during the first 3 months of 1939. Information is presented for the cities divided according to size. The population figures employed are estimates as of July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census for cities with population in excess of 10,000. No estimates were available, however, for those with a smaller number of inhabitants, and, accordingly, for them the figures listed in the 1930 decennial census were used.

Population group	Total number of cities or towns	Cities filing returns		Total population	Population represented in returns	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total	962	594	91.0	60,265,719	58,348,071	96.8
1. Cities over 250,000	37	37	100.0	29,695,500	29,695,500	100.0
2. Cities 100,000 to 250,000	57	57	100.0	7,850,312	7,850,312	100.0
3. Cities 50,000 to 100,000	104	100	96.2	6,980,407	6,896,707	95.9
4. Cities 25,000 to 50,000	191	172	90.1	6,038,544	5,944,840	89.6
5. Cities 10,000 to 25,000	593	528	89.0	9,100,956	8,160,712	89.7

NOTE.—The above table does not include 1,647 cities and rural townships aggregating a total population of 8,240,209. The cities included in this figure are those of less than 10,000 population filing returns, whereas the rural townships are of varying population groups.

The growth in the crime reporting area is evidenced by the following figures for the first 3 months of 1932-39:

Year	Number of cities	Population	Year	Number of cities	Population
1932	1,476	49,368,231	1936	2,111	63,766,619
1933	1,561	53,295,629	1937	2,166	64,196,543
1934	1,503	61,715,079	1938	2,342	65,497,026
1935	1,633	62,304,616	1939	2,541	66,588,280

The foregoing comparison shows that during the first 3 months of 1939 there was an increase of 199 cities as compared with the corresponding period of 1938, the population represented by those cities being 1,091,254.

In addition to the 2,541 city and village police departments which submitted crime reports during the first 3 months of 1939, 1 or more reports were received during that period from 1,485 sheriffs and State police units and from 10 agencies in territories and possessions of the United States. This makes a grand total of 4,036 agencies contributing crime reports during 1939.

## MONTHLY RETURNS

### *Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Population.*

Table 1 sets forth data relative to offenses of the types listed in monthly reports received from police departments, both as to the number of crimes known to the police and the rate per 100,000 inhabitants. This information is shown for 6 different groups of cities divided according to size. The number of cities used and the population represented are indicated in each instance. As will be seen, the reports of a total of 2,066 cities, with a combined population of 62,701,245 were used in compiling the data in table 1. This information is published in order that interested persons may compare crime conditions in a particular community with average figures for all cities in the United States of approximately the same size.

It will be observed that, in the cities represented in the table, 8,892 offenses against the person (murder, manslaughter, rape, and assault) were committed, although crimes of these types constituted only 3.8 percent of the total. More than two-thirds of the crimes listed in table 1 were larcenies (56.3 percent) and auto thefts (12.1 percent).

The percentage distribution of the various crimes is indicated in the following tabulation.

Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent	Offense	Rate per 100,000	Percent
Total.....	378.5	100.0	Robbery.....	15.3	4.0
Larceny.....	213.1	56.3	Aggravated assault.....	9.7	2.6
Burglary.....	90.2	23.8	Rape.....	2.2	.6
Auto theft.....	45.7	12.1	Murder.....	1.3	.3
			Manslaughter.....	1.0	.3

TABLE 1.—*Offenses known to the police, January to March, inclusive, 1939; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—36 cities over 250,000; total population, 29,375,000:								
Number of offenses known.....	423	<sup>1</sup> 393	804	6,333	3,144	<sup>2</sup> 20,353	<sup>3</sup> 47,750	<sup>4</sup> 12,544
Rate per 100,000.....	1.4	1.4	2.7	21.6	10.7	100.5	235.9	56.5
GROUP II.—57 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 7,860,812:								
Number of offenses known.....	122	<sup>1</sup> 87	159	1,188	<sup>4</sup> 792	8,650	19,172	4,388
Rate per 100,000.....	1.6	1.1	2.0	15.1	10.3	110.2	244.2	55.9
GROUP III.—92 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 6,192,237:								
Number of offenses known.....	80	48	103	694	724	6,016	<sup>1</sup> 4,317	2,696
Rate per 100,000.....	1.3	.8	1.7	11.2	11.7	97.2	231.2	43.5
GROUP IV.—159 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 5,483,851:								
Number of offenses known.....	45	24	70	457	468	4,605	11,910	2,278
Rate per 100,000.....	.8	.4	1.3	8.3	8.5	84.0	217.2	41.5
GROUP V.—475 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 7,394,512:								
Number of offenses known.....	75	46	93	521	590	4,882	13,193	2,159
Rate per 100,000.....	1.0	.6	1.3	7.0	8.0	86.0	178.4	29.2
GROUP VI.—1,247 cities under 10,000; total population, 6,404,738:								
Number of offenses known.....	61	37	122	421	382	3,795	7,804	1,311
Rate per 100,000.....	1.0	.6	1.9	6.6	6.0	59.3	121.8	20.5
Total 2,066 cities; total population, 62,701,245:								
Number of offenses known.....	806	<sup>1</sup> 635	1,351	9,614	<sup>4</sup> 6,100	<sup>3</sup> 48,301	<sup>3</sup> 114,155	<sup>4</sup> 25,376
Rate per 100,000.....	1.3	1.0	2.2	15.3	9.7	90.2	233.1	45.7

<sup>1</sup> The number of offenses and rate for manslaughter by negligence are based on reports as follows: Group I, 34 cities, total population, 27,647,400; group II, 56 cities, total population, 7,726,812; groups I-VI, 2,066 cities, total population, 60,849,545.

<sup>2</sup> The number of offenses and rate for burglary and larceny-theft are based on reports as follows: Group I, 34 cities, total population, 20,248,000; groups I-VI, 2,064 cities, total population, 53,574,245.

<sup>3</sup> The number of offenses and rate for auto theft are based on reports as follows: Group I, 35 cities, total population, 22,221,300; groups I-VI, 2,065 cities, total population, 55,546,945.

<sup>4</sup> The number of offenses and rate for aggravated assault are based on reports as follows: Group II, 56 cities, total population, 7,726,812; groups I-VI, 2,065 cities, total population, 62,577,745.

*Annual Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1931-39.*

Annual variations in the number of crimes committed during the first quarters of the years 1931-39 are presented in table 2. The data are based on reports received from 68 cities of over 100,000 inhabitants. The total population area represented is 19,063,102.

It may be noted that offenses of rape show a substantial increase during the first quarter of 1939 and this figure is higher than for all other years presented in the table. Offenses of aggravated assault on the other hand, were lower during this quarter than in any other quarter shown in the table. Offenses against property all show decreases as compared with the first quarter of 1938 and auto thefts were considerably lower than for any of the other 8 years shown.

The information presented in table 2 is also shown in figure 1.

TABLE 2.—*Annual trends, offenses known to the police, 68 cities over 100,000 in population, January to March, inclusive, 1931-39*

[Total population, 19,063,102, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Year	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Bur- glary— breaking or enter- ing	Lar- ceny— theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonneg- ligent man- slaugh- ter	Man- slaugh- ter by negli- gence						
<b>Number of offenses known:</b>								
1931	357	332	278	5,694	2,213	17,230	36,612	21,500
1932	363	303	280	5,234	1,953	19,213	36,556	18,492
1933	380	229	305	5,168	2,278	19,063	38,711	16,993
1934	315	315	301	3,946	2,146	18,671	39,724	14,077
1935	343	226	336	3,657	2,145	18,671	40,683	14,474
1936	296	181	311	3,138	2,182	16,067	36,963	11,471
1937	321	267	403	3,580	2,257	17,224	42,117	12,671
1938	300	196	402	3,965	2,070	18,551	45,169	11,061
1939	301	180	430	3,479	1,860	16,715	44,149	9,699
<b>Daily average:</b>								
1931	4.0	3.0	3.1	63.3	24.6	194.7	406.8	239.6
1932	4.0	3.3	3.1	57.5	21.5	211.1	401.7	203.2
1933	4.2	2.5	3.4	57.4	25.3	212.1	430.1	188.8
1934	3.5	3.5	3.3	43.8	23.8	207.5	441.4	156.4
1935	3.8	2.5	3.7	40.6	23.8	206.8	452.0	160.8
1936	3.2	2.0	3.4	34.5	24.0	176.9	406.2	126.1
1937	3.6	3.2	4.5	39.8	25.1	191.4	468.0	140.8
1938	3.3	2.2	4.5	44.1	23.0	206.1	501.9	122.9
1939	3.3	2.0	4.8	38.7	20.7	185.7	490.5	107.8

# ANNUAL CRIME TRENDS. . . . . OFFENSES KNOWN TO THE POLICE

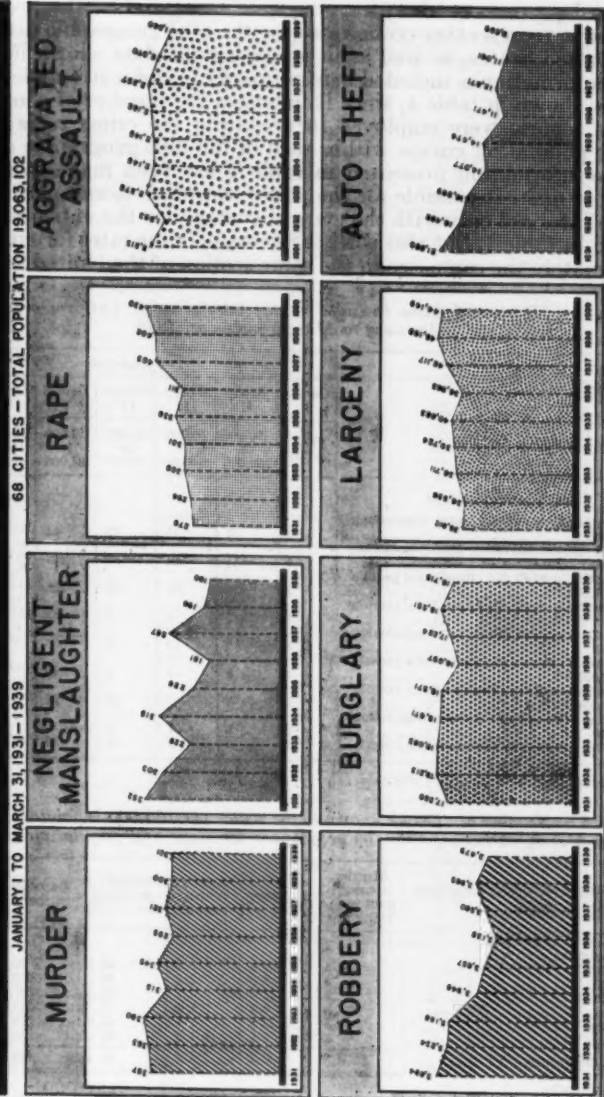


FIGURE 1.

**Offenses Known to the Police—Cities Divided According to Location.**

In table 3 there is presented information regarding the number of police departments whose reports were employed in the preparation of figures representing crime rates for the nine geographic divisions of the United States, as well as in preparing the data shown in table 1. This information is included here primarily in order to supplement the figures shown in table 4, since it indicates the number of contributors whose reports were employed in preparing the crime rates for each of the population groups within each of the nine geographic divisions.

The information presented in table 4 has been made available in order to make it possible for the police executive to compare the local crime rates not only with the general average for the entire country as shown in table 1, but also with the average crime rates for cities of approximately the same size in the same section of the United States.

TABLE 3.—Number of cities included in the tabulation of uniform crime reports, January to March, inclusive, 1939

Division	Population						
	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total
	Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Less than 10,000	
<b>GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION</b>							
New England: 177 cities; total population, 5,675,866	2	12	11	25	61	66	177
Middle Atlantic: 325 cities; total population, 18,779,387	6	11	21	28	127	332	825
East North Central: 515 cities; total population, 16,290,115	9	10	24	49	105	318	515
West North Central: 236 cities; total population, 4,935,154	4	5	6	9	52	160	236
South Atlantic: 1167 cities; total population, 4,753,030	3	6	12	16	36	94	167
East South Central: 67 cities; total population, 2,039,577	3	3	3	5	16	37	67
West South Central: 125 cities; total population, 3,504,062	3	5	7	10	26	74	125
Mountain: 87 cities; total population, 1,294,746	1	1	2	6	16	61	87
Pacific: 167 cities; total population, 5,429,308	5	4	6	11	36	105	167

<sup>1</sup> Includes report of District of Columbia.

TABLE 4.—Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to March, inclusive, 1939, by geographic divisions and population groups

Geographic division and population group	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
New England:						
Group I	0.3	14.3	5.2	43.8	90.0	66.5
Group II	.3	6.6	2.4	99.7	132.7	48.3
Group III	.3	3.4	—	64.4	107.6	30.3
Group IV	.2	4.4	1.4	71.2	118.2	28.8
Group V	.5	2.5	1.5	43.0	79.9	15.3
Group VI	.2	1.6	1.2	46.2	55.8	7.5
Total, groups I-VI	.3	6.2	2.3	66.4	109.8	37.4
Middle Atlantic:						
Group I	1.1	8.2	9.9	152.6	109.0	49.3
Group II	.5	5.1	3.4	73.0	112.9	34.4
Group III	.5	6.2	5.5	81.7	116.6	32.8
Group IV	—	4.1	4.6	57.0	111.3	24.9
Group V	.7	5.1	3.7	44.7	76.4	21.8
Group VI	.6	4.0	2.3	38.0	52.4	11.4
Total, groups I-VI	.9	6.9	7.4	156.3	194.3	43.0

See footnotes on p. 9.

TABLE 4.—Number of offenses known to the police per 100,000 inhabitants, January to March, inclusive, 1939, by geographic divisions and population groups—Con.

Geographic division and population group	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft	Auto theft
<b>East North Central:</b>						
Group I.	1.1	32.5	8.1	89.1	194.4	31.8
Group II.	1.2	16.6	10.2	97.5	221.2	56.8
Group III.	1	13.3	3.6	82.3	174.8	36.0
Group IV.	.8	9.3	2.9	65.6	173.4	37.2
Group V.	.3	9.2	1.9	69.8	146.1	29.9
Group VI.	.5	5.6	3.2	49.2	78.5	17.3
Total, groups I-VI.	.8	21.8	6.2	80.7	176.1	33.3
<b>West North Central:</b>						
Group I.	1.3	25.3	3.9	73.2	230.9	47.4
Group II.	1.1	16.4	5.7	74.2	231.2	56.9
Group III.	.2	11.8	2.5	118.7	312.8	51.6
Group IV.	.8	9.7	3.0	64.7	222.1	25.7
Group V.	.7	5.9	2.5	71.8	197.7	32.1
Group VI.	.4	4.6	1.9	82.3	93.0	19.3
Total, groups I-VI.	.9	15.8	3.4	73.1	214.5	41.1
<b>South Atlantic:</b>						
Group I.	3.1	31.5	22.7	122.0	267.3	98.5
Group II.	6.3	31.1	35.6	187.5	406.2	72.9
Group III.	5.0	17.8	48.0	119.1	332.0	47.8
Group IV.	3.3	12.0	42.6	142.4	396.1	52.4
Group V.	3.5	8.9	55.1	88.8	286.3	31.4
Group VI.	3.8	13.6	30.1	78.9	197.7	38.8
Total, groups I-VI.	4.1	22.4	35.9	126.4	321.0	66.6
<b>East South Central:</b>						
Group I.	4.6	38.1	43.9	204.2	315.0	41.4
Group II.	6.7	16.7	16.5	101.5	217.5	63.9
Group III.	4.3	11.8	12.3	115.6	248.3	42.8
Group IV.	1.6	13.8	23.8	131.4	287.1	62.5
Group V.	2.5	7.4	23.0	90.8	208.4	24.6
Group VI.	3.0	8.4	34.4	82.8	120.0	25.3
Total, groups I-VI.	4.4	23.1	731.5	144.3	257.9	45.4
<b>West South Central:</b>						
Group I.	4.3	16.3	18.9	108.1	417.8	46.8
Group II.	1.3	25.4	20.0	162.2	448.8	67.2
Group III.	2.0	7.6	30.5	125.6	380.7	48.6
Group IV.	1.3	9.4	15.6	107.3	391.4	59.2
Group V.	3.6	14.0	15.2	92.6	324.2	31.6
Group VI.	1.0	9.9	7.9	94.0	206.5	19.6
Total, groups I-VI.	2.5	16.1	18.7	120.2	383.4	48.3
<b>Mountain:</b>						
Group I.	.8	7.5	3.8	45.7	310.7	33.4
Group II.		16.6	1.4	126.9	237.3	58.8
Group III.	5.9	33.3	7.8	150.7	469.7	160.5
Group IV.	1.5	18.5	1.5	126.8	395.0	110.3
Group V.	1.3	7.4	2.2	66.7	461.1	50.9
Group VI.	.6	10.0	5.3	81.6	198.0	27.5
Total, groups I-VI.	1.2	12.9	3.6	80.1	327.3	63.5
<b>Pacific:</b>						
Group I.	1.5	34.1	9.2	165.1	375.4	125.1
Group II.	.2	10.2	5.0	123.4	317.4	72.0
Group III.	.9	18.6	3.3	145.4	534.9	80.0
Group IV.		8.8	6.0	134.4	395.6	70.6
Group V.	.4	10.3	4.4	116.7	453.0	64.8
Group VI.	1.5	13.0	3.7	111.7	386.5	48.6
Total, groups I-VI.	1.1	25.1	7.0	147.6	393.2	96.7

<sup>1</sup> The rates for burglary and larceny are based on the reports of 4 cities.<sup>2</sup> The rate for auto theft is based on the reports of 5 cities.<sup>3</sup> The rates for burglary and larceny are based on the reports of 523 cities.<sup>4</sup> The rate for auto theft is based on the reports of 524 cities.<sup>5</sup> Includes the District of Columbia.<sup>6</sup> The rate for aggravated assault is based on the reports of 2 cities.<sup>7</sup> The rate for aggravated assault is based on the reports of 66 cities.

***Offenses in Individual Cities With More Than 100,000 Inhabitants.***

The number of offenses reported as having been committed during the first 3 months of 1939 is shown in table 5. The compilation includes the reports received from police departments in cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants. Such data are included here in order that interested individuals and organizations may have readily available up-to-date information concerning the amount of crime committed in their communities. Police administrators and other interested individuals will probably find it desirable to compare the crime rates of their cities with the average rates shown in tables 1 and 4 of this publication. Similarly, they will doubtless desire to make comparisons with the figures for their communities for prior periods, in order to determine whether there has been an increase or a decrease in the amount of crime committed.

With reference to the possibility of comparing the amount of crime in one city with the amount of reported crime in other individual communities, it is suggested that such comparisons be made with a great deal of caution, because differences in the figures may be due to a great variety of factors. The amount of crime committed in a community is not chargeable to the police but is rather a charge against the entire community. The following is a list of some of the factors which might affect the amount of crime in a community:

- The composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race.
- The economic status and activities of the population.
- Climate.
- Educational, recreational, and religious facilities.
- The number of police employees per unit of population.
- The standards governing appointments to the police force.
- The policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.
- The attitude of the public toward law-enforcement problems.

Comparisons between the crime rates of individual cities should not be made without giving consideration to the above-mentioned factors. It should be noted that it is more important to determine whether the figures for a given community show increases or decreases in the amount of crime committed than to ascertain whether the figures are above or below those of some other community.

In examining a compilation of crime figures for individual communities it should be borne in mind that in view of the fact that the data are compiled by different record departments operating under separate and distinct administrative systems, it is entirely possible that there may be variations in the practices employed in classifying complaints of offenses. On the other hand, the crime reporting manual has been distributed to all contributors of crime reports, and the figures received are included in this bulletin only if they apparently have been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the manual, and the individual department has so indicated.

TABLE 5.—Number of offenses known to the police, January to March, inclusive, 1939, cities over 100,000 in population

City	Murder, nonnegli- gent man- slaughter	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary— breaking or enter- ing	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
Akron, Ohio	1	40	33	305	37	416	47
Albany, N. Y.	5	3	77	16	120	35	
Atlanta, Ga.	20	123	75	764	155	1,280	314
Baltimore, Md.	16	193	173	590	196	744	706
Birmingham, Ala.	16	36	23	453	104	514	70
Boston, Mass.	1	145	44	353	174	589	618
Bridgeport, Conn.	11	29	129	36	299	77	
Buffalo, N. Y.	9	21	29	209	60	344	133
Cambridge, Mass.	9	5	91	16	120	120	
Camden, N. J.	1	15	5	87	22	108	53
Canton, Ohio	26	11	131	(1)		268	26
Chattanooga, Tenn.	11	21	(1)		166	7	376
Chicago, Ill.	36	1,093	288	3,060	821	2,491	678
Cincinnati, Ohio	11	125	68	557	172	1,214	159
Cleveland, Ohio	15	204	31	654	66	2,670	274
Columbus, Ohio	5	65	15	662	124	742	172
Dallas, Tex.	6	45	43	522	49	2,107	145
Dayton, Ohio	1	33	6	228	20	482	110
Denver, Colo.	1	22	11	134	63	848	98
Des Moines, Iowa	24	8	140	38	364	171	
Detroit, Mich.	12	403	162	1,303	198	4,199	689
Duluth, Minn.	5	11	15	222	22	21	
Elizabeth, N. J.	4	5	82	14	173	30	
El Paso, Tex.	28	2	173	12	406	54	
Erie, Pa.	7	2	105	13	120	53	
Evansville, Ind.	2	20	2	105	7	250	99
Fair River, Mass.	5	5	85	7	60	26	
Flint, Mich.	3	30	30	249	42	397	69
For Wayne, Ind.	21	3	79	27	388	90	
Fort Worth, Tex.	3	42	1	362	34	936	59
Gary, Ind.	5	22	46	66	8	99	45
Grand Rapids, Mich.	6	4	106	16	301	91	
Hartford, Conn.	12	16	271	23	368	120	
Houston, Tex.	26	78	64	479	92	1,718	217
Honolulu, T. H.	5	1	3	232	24	522	45
Indianapolis, Ind.	7	101	51	540	164	1,306	349
Jacksonville, Fla.	7	34	37	300	155	792	74
Jersey City, N. J.				Complete data not received.			
Kansas City, Kans.	7	40	10	174	33	243	58
Kansas City, Mo.	3	181	36	533	(1)		235
Knoxville, Tenn.	7	8	11	111	42	178	56
Long Beach, Calif.	27	4	220	61	525	79	
Los Angeles, Calif.	23	530	111	2,395	990	4,321	2,283
Louisville, Ky.	13	130	112	684	155	1,056	211
Lowell, Mass.	1	2	63	11	69	27	
Lynn, Mass.	17	3	128	10	157	60	
Memphis, Tenn.	10	159	239	603	144	732	72
Miami, Fla.	15	55	66	319	130	356	85
Milwaukee, Wis.	3	19	16	97	53	834	134
Minneapolis, Minn.	123	14	364	118	518	352	
Nashville, Tenn.	8	36	33	119	(1)		134
Newark, N. J.	6	47	155	249	92	860	302
New Bedford, Mass.	1	4	1	186	17	250	34
New Haven, Conn.	2	11	2	234	75	289	94
New Orleans, La.	20	51	95	152	144	347	137
New York, N. Y.	81	377	718	836	(1)		2,254
Norfolk, Va.	7	44	26	263	20	452	217
Oakland, Calif.	2	70	49	396	53	1,190	234
Oklahoma City, Okla.	1	34	65	283	65	758	91
Omaha, Nebr.	1	33	14	101	27	227	105
Paterson, N. J.	3	13	5	117	14	68	37
Peoria, Ill.	1	10	12	124	11	192	73
Philadelphia, Pa.	27	277	121	578	208	516	844
Pittsburgh, Pa.	2	187	79	466	117	329	598
Portland, Oreg.	2	93	8	705	164	1,310	198
Providence, R. I.	2	4	10	104	31	144	75
Reading, Pa.	2	3	6	198	14	137	32
Richmond, Va.	11	85	109	322	86	1,040	122
Rochester, N. Y.	7	7	150	30	395	103	
St. Louis, Mo.	18	138	24	380	(1)		2,704
St. Paul, Minn.	4	64	4	185	35	433	114
Salt Lake City, Utah	24	2	183	14	928	128	
San Antonio, Tex.	4	53	87	328	119	753	265
San Diego, Calif.	1	21	5	118	29	348	39

1 Larcenies not separately reported. Figure listed includes both major and minor larcenies.

2 Complete figure not received.

TABLE 5.—Number of offenses known to the police, January to March, inclusive, 1939, cities over 100,000 in population—Continued

City	Murder, nonnegli- gent man- slaughter	Robbery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary— breaking or enter- ing	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					\$50 and over	Under \$50	
San Francisco, Calif.	12	241	92	648	225	1,953	692
Scranton, Pa.	1	10	7	86	20	126	73
Seattle, Wash.	5	84	15	791	90	926	332
Somerville, Mass.	9	1	26	6	26	30	
South Bend, Ind.	21	4	107	19	189	25	
Spokane, Wash.	34	16	197	17	479	111	
Springfield, Mass.	5	3	123	26	218	49	
Syracuse, N. Y.	1	8	109	19	226	60	
Tacoma, Wash.	21	2	161	12	249	111	
Tampa, Fla.	7	17	30	119	32	368	35
Toledo, Ohio	71	16	277	75	678	163	
Trenton, N. J.	7	7	112	19	224	63	
Tulsa, Okla.	3	72	19	322	60	732	114
Utica, N. Y.	3	2	60	13	102	24	
Washington, D. C.	14	186	113	589	180	1,701	450
Waterbury, Conn.	4	2	102	15	59	43	
Wichita, Kans.	14	8	98	18	445	47	
Wilmington, Del.	2	6	6	130	20	161	32
Worcester, Mass.	1	17	3	139	24	238	84
Yonkers, N. Y.	1	8	34	4	79	43	
Youngstown, Ohio	4	40	23	153	12	233	156

**Offenses Known to Sheriffs, State Police, and Other Rural Officers, 1939.**

In compiling and publishing national crime data, the Federal Bureau of Investigation distinguishes between urban and rural crimes. The figures presented in the preceding tables are based on reports from a large majority of the agencies policing urban areas (places with 2,500 or more inhabitants). Comprehensive data regarding rural crimes are not yet available, but the information on hand is shown in table 6, which is based on reports from 989 sheriffs, 116 police agencies in rural villages, and 6 State police organizations.

TABLE 6.—Offenses known, January to March, inclusive, 1939, as reported by 989 sheriffs, 6 State police organizations, and 116 village officers

	Criminal homicide		Rape	Rob- bery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary— breaking or enter- ing	Lar- ceny— theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegli- gent man- slaughter	Man- slaugh- ter by negli- gence						
Offenses known	266	186	533	955	1,362	6,973	10,714	1,873

**Offenses Known in Territories and Possessions of the United States.**

In table 7 there are shown available data concerning the number of offenses known to law-enforcement agencies in Territories and possessions of the United States. The tabulation includes reports from the first and second judicial divisions, Alaska; Honolulu (city and county), Kauai County, Territory of Hawaii; the Canal Zone and Puerto Rico. The figures are based on both urban and rural areas and the population figures from the 1930 decennial census are indicated in the table.

TABLE 7.—Number of offenses known in United States Territories and possessions, January to March, inclusive, 1939

[Population figures from Federal census, Apr. 1, 1930]

Jurisdiction reporting	Murder, nonneg- ligent man- slaughter	Rob- bery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary- breaking or enter- ing	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
					Over \$50	Under \$50	
Alaska:							
First judicial division (Juneau), population, 19,304; number of offenses known.....		1	2	9	13	24	-----
Second judicial division (Nome), population, 10,127; number of offenses known.....	1	-----	-----	1	2	3	-----
Hawaii:							
Honolulu City, population, 137,582; number of offenses known.....	5	1	3	252	24	822	45
Honolulu County, population, 65,341; number of offenses known.....	-----	1	2	40	5	62	16
Kauai County, population, 35,942; number of offenses known.....	-----	-----	-----	3	-----	3	-----
Isthmus of Panama: Canal Zone, popu- lation, 36,367; number of offenses known.....	-----	-----	-----	21	4	87	3
Puerto Rico: Population, 1,543,913; number of offenses known.....	58	4	300	217	21	755	6

*Data from Supplementary Offense Reports.*

In tables 8–10 are presented detailed data taken from supplementary offense reports forwarded by 51 police departments in cities of over 100,000 population. The total population represented in the tables is 15,880,338.

In table 8 the offenses are listed with division as to the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen for the first quarter of 1939. It will be noted that nearly half of the 391 offenses of rape reported by these cities were forcible in nature.

More than one-half (56.8 percent) of the 4,089 offenses of robbery were classified as "highway robbery," and 37.3 percent (1,527) were committed in various types of commercial establishments.

It is interesting to note that 54.6 percent of the offenses of burglary—breaking or entering were perpetrated in nonresidence structures such as offices, stores, and warehouses. These buildings are usually occupied during the day and it will be observed that of the 9,105 nonresidence burglaries 91.1 percent occurred during the night. On the other hand, only 67.6 percent of the residence burglaries were perpetrated at night.

The reports of the cities represented in table 8 listed 37,283 offenses of larceny. Of these, 64.9 percent involved property between \$5 and \$50 in value. With reference to specific types of larceny offenses, it will be of interest to note that thefts of personal property from automobiles occurred most frequently (21.7 percent) and that thefts of auto accessories were next in order of frequency (16.9 percent). The reports of these cities also indicate that 4,107 of the larceny offenses shown were thefts of bicycles and these crimes constituted 11 percent of the total larcenies.

TABLE 8.—Number of known offenses with divisions as to the nature of the criminal act, time and place of commission, and value of property stolen, January to March, inclusive, 1939; 51 cities over 100,000 in population

[Total population, 15,880,338, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Classification	Number of actual offenses	Classification	Number of actual offenses
<b>Rape:</b>			
Forcible.....	194	Larceny—theft (except auto theft) (grouped according to value of article stolen):	
Statutory.....	197	Over \$50.....	4,248
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>391</b>	\$5 to \$50.....	24,183
		Under \$5.....	8,852
<b>Robbery:</b>		<b>Total.....</b>	<b>37,283</b>
Highway.....	2,321		
Commercial house.....	1,183	Larceny—theft (grouped as to type of offense):	
Oil station.....	288	Pocket-picking.....	418
Chain store.....	48	Purse-snatching.....	1,467
Residence.....	140	Shoplifting.....	960
Bank.....	13	Thefts from autos (exclusive of auto accessories):	
Miscellaneous.....	101	Auto accessories.....	8,086
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>4,089</b>	Bicycles.....	6,287
		All other.....	4,107
<b>Burglary—breaking or entering:</b>		<b>Total.....</b>	<b>15,938</b>
Residence (dwelling):			
Committed during night.....	5,126		
Committed during day.....	2,455		
Nonresidence (store, office, etc.):			
Committed during night.....	8,293		
Committed during day.....	812		
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>16,686</b>		

The police departments in the 51 cities represented in table 8 experienced auto thefts during the first 3 months of this year totaling 8,971. As indicated in table 9, during this same period 8,713 automobiles (97.1 percent) were recovered.

TABLE 9.—Recoveries of stolen automobiles, January to March, inclusive, 1939; 51 cities over 100,000 in population

[Total population, 15,880,338, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Number of automobiles stolen.....	8,971
Number of automobiles recovered.....	8,713
Percentage recovered.....	97.1

Reports received from 51 police departments reflected that the value of property stolen in connection with offenses of robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft during the first 3 months of 1939 was \$6,146,768.88. Recoveries totaled \$4,085,634.91, which is 66.5 percent of the amount stolen. More than one-half of the value of stolen property consisted of automobiles. Exclusive of automobiles the value of stolen property was \$2,500,839.63, and the value of recovered property was \$541,026.41 (21.6 percent).

TABLE 10.—Value of property stolen and value of property recovered with divisions as to type of property involved, January to March, inclusive, 1939; 51 cities over 100,000 in population

[Total population, 15,880,338, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Type of property	Value of property stolen	Value of property recovered	Percent recovered
Currency, notes, etc.....	\$376,998.93	\$68,362.65	11.8
Jewelry and precious metals.....	594,390.05	116,193.73	19.5
Furs.....	150,152.32	12,058.09	7.6
Clothing.....	350,632.19	82,475.55	23.5
Locally stolen automobiles.....	3,645,929.25	3,544,608.50	97.2
Miscellaneous.....	819,668.14	261,935.39	32.0
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>6,146,768.88</b>	<b>4,085,634.91</b>	<b>66.5</b>

## ANNUAL RETURNS, 1938

Under the uniform crime reporting system, the FBI collects monthly and annual reports from police agencies throughout the United States. The monthly reports are a source of information concerning the number of crimes known to have been committed, and detailed information based on monthly reports for the calendar year, 1938, has been presented in volume IX, number 4, of this publication. In addition to information concerning the number of offenses committed, the annual returns include data concerning the number of crimes disposed of by arrest, the number of persons arrested, and the number of persons found guilty. Such information based on reports for the calendar year 1938 is represented in the tables which follow.

For record purposes, it is noted here that letters were written to the police departments whose reports were included in the following tables in a rather large number of instances in order to obtain the highest possible degree of accuracy and uniformity in the material received from individual law enforcement agencies. Letters were written to 16 of the 25 police departments represented in cities having a population in excess of 250,000; to 29 of the 37 police departments in cities with from 100,000 to 250,000 inhabitants; to 49 of the 62 police departments in cities with population from 50,000 to 100,000; and to 85 of the 99 police departments in cities with from 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants. These figures are, of course, limited to the cities represented in the following tables, and the letters were written in order to clear up apparent discrepancies. In addition, a questionnaire accompanied the annual return forms and in practically all instances the questionnaire bore appropriate entries. In some instances the nature of the entries on the questionnaire was responsible for the communication subsequently forwarded to the contributing agency. The questionnaire related to the several phases of the annual returns and was found of considerable assistance in obtaining uniformly compiled figures.

All of the agencies whose reports are included in the following tabulations indicated that the figures concerning offenses known to the police were based on records of crimes and complaints of crimes, and included all cases brought to the attention of the police. Similarly, all of the law enforcement agencies indicated that figures concerning offenses cleared by arrest represented the number of crimes disposed of by arrests, or through other specified exceptional circumstances, and did not represent the number of persons arrested.

With reference to the compilations showing persons charged (held for prosecution) all but 6 of the police departments with population in excess of 25,000 represented in the following tables stated that the figures reflected the number of persons arrested rather than the number of charges placed against the persons arrested. In other words, if on the occasion of a single arrest a person was charged with robbery and auto theft, he was counted as only 1 person arrested, the entry being made opposite robbery. Of course, if the same person was arrested on different occasions, each case was counted as a separate arrest.

With reference to persons arrested, the greatest lack of uniformity probably appeared in connection with the policy as to the inclusion of juveniles taken into custody. The replies received from the police departments of cities with more than 25,000 inhabitants reflected that 75 percent of the reports received from those departments included all or part of the juveniles taken into custody for violations. All juveniles were said to be included in the reports of 70 percent of the cities.

A further problem with reference to juveniles is whether juveniles listed in the reports were shown opposite the classification embracing the violation (i. e., burglary, larceny, etc.) for which they were taken into custody, regardless of the nature of the technical charge (i. e., "juvenile delinquent," etc.) placed against the juvenile at the time of arrest. The response to this item indicated that 95 percent of the departments including juveniles in their reports properly listed them opposite the classification embracing the violation involved. The remaining departments listed arrests of juveniles opposite "All other offenses."

An additional problem with reference to the tabulation concerning persons arrested appeared in connection with the figures relative to the number found guilty. A careful examination of the reports indicated in a large number of instances that entries which purported to represent the final disposition of the charges placed against persons arrested in fact merely represented disposition at preliminary hearing. Accordingly, there have been included in tables 16 and 17 only the reports from a limited number of police departments which appeared to have been properly compiled with reference to persons found guilty.

*Offenses Cleared by Arrest, 1938.*

Table 11 shows the number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest during 1938, as reported by the police departments of 1,182 cities with a combined population of 38,462,850. Under the system of uniform crime reporting an offense should be scored as cleared by arrest when one offender has been arrested and made available for prosecution, even though two or more persons were involved in the commission of the crime. Also figures concerning the number of cleared cases include violations cleared through exceptional circumstances, such as the suicide of the offender, conviction of another offense, etc. The general requisites of an exceptional clearance are that the police know the identity of the offender and his whereabouts, but for some reason beyond control of the police it is not possible to make him available for prosecution in the local jurisdiction.

An examination of the individual reports revealed a considerable range of variation in the percentage of offenses listed as cleared by individual police departments. This is, of course, entirely reasonable, inasmuch as some cities have more police per unit of population, better record practices, etc., than other cities. It is probably true that more crimes are cleared by arrest than are shown in table 11, because of instances wherein an offender is arrested and charged with a single crime, although in fact he had committed two or more crimes, but this was not known to the police.

A further possible reason for understatement in the figures showing offenses cleared by arrest lies in the fact that only 70 to 75 percent of the police departments of cities with more than 25,000 inhabitants indicated that they listed in the annual reports juveniles arrested.

If their arrest reports do not show juveniles arrested, it is possible that the record of crimes cleared may not include clearances of crimes resulting from the arrests of juveniles.

The figures for group VI cities reveal that the percentage of auto thefts listed as cleared by arrest is considerably higher than for any of the other five groups. This may accurately represent the relative proportion of auto thefts cleared by arrest among the six groups of cities, but on the other hand it is possible that the police department reports received from the smaller cities are less accurate in this regard than those representing larger communities. In some instances, it has been detected that reports have erroneously listed the number of automobiles recovered as the number of offenses of auto theft cleared by arrest. Efforts have been made to eliminate all such instances from the reports used in the tabulations, but the possibility exists nevertheless that such errors in the reports may have occurred and may partially account for the comparatively high proportion of cleared cases of auto theft among the police departments of the smaller cities. The recovery of property does not in itself justify the listing of the offense as cleared by arrest under the system of uniform crime reporting. However, this may have been done by some of the smaller police agencies not only with reference to auto thefts, but also with reference to robberies, burglaries, and larcenies, inasmuch as the proportion of such cases listed as cleared by arrest is substantially above average for group VI cities. Another possible explanation of the figures is that the number of cleared cases has been properly reported but that the number of crimes committed is for some reason incomplete. These possibilities are simply suggested here inasmuch as it is recognized that on the whole record practices are probably not as good in the smaller police departments as in the larger cities.

With reference to the group V figures for manslaughter by negligence, it is noted that the number of cleared cases is in excess of the number of offenses known to have been committed during the year. This is explainable on the basis that the figures concerning cleared crimes should include all crimes cleared during the year even though some of them were committed during a prior year. For this reason, the number of clearances may exceed the number of crimes committed during a given period.

With reference to the fact that table 11 reflects that only 22 percent of offenses of auto theft were shown as cleared by arrest, it may be noted that a large proportion of auto thefts are of the so-called "joy-riding" type, and the circumstances of the violations are such as to make it difficult to effect arrests in many cases. However, police reports for several years have consistently reflected that more than 90 percent of the stolen automobiles have been recovered by the police. Detailed tabulations concerning the recovery of stolen automobiles and of other types of stolen property during 1938 may be found in volume IX, number 4, of this publication.

In table 12 there is shown the relation between offenses known, offenses cleared, and persons arrested and held for prosecution. To indicate the manner in which the data in the table should be interpreted, it may be noted that for group I cities, of each 100 offenses of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter 87 were cleared by the arrest of 86 persons. For offenses against property (robbery, burglary,

larceny, and auto theft) the number of offenses cleared is generally considerably in excess of the number of persons charged with the crimes. On the other hand, for offenses against the person (homicide and felonious assaults) the number of persons charged generally equals or exceeds the number of offenses cleared. For manslaughter by negligence it will be noted that in several instances the number of persons arrested was in excess of the number of crimes committed. This is probably explainable on the basis that there were several automobile fatalities in which the operator of the vehicle was held for the action of the prosecuting officials but the death was ultimately not scored as an actual offense of negligent manslaughter.

TABLE 11.—*Offenses known, offenses cleared by arrest, and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft						
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Man-slaughter by negligence												
GROUP I														
26 cities over 250,000; total population, 17,339,100:														
Number of offenses known	978	609	1,578	16,731	7,258	51,175	134,963	32,249						
Number cleared by arrest	854	500	1,220	7,296	5,190	19,416	30,563	6,205						
Percentage cleared by arrest	87.3	82.1	77.3	43.6	71.5	37.9	22.6	19.2						
GROUP II														
37 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 5,304,741:														
Number of offenses known	332	272	363	2,542	2,236	20,570	53,199	11,411						
Number cleared by arrest	315	240	311	884	1,628	6,444	13,548	2,642						
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.9	88.2	85.7	34.8	72.8	31.3	25.5	23.2						
GROUP III														
62 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 4,230,897:														
Number of offenses known	232	139	287	1,855	1,503	14,769	37,952	6,868						
Number cleared by arrest	218	132	250	768	1,346	4,304	9,395	1,417						
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.0	95.0	87.1	41.4	84.5	29.1	24.8	20.6						
GROUP IV														
99 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 3,348,735:														
Number of offenses known	121	101	190	1,224	1,181	10,936	30,809	5,259						
Number cleared by arrest	110	99	182	532	1,073	3,717	8,524	1,209						
Percentage cleared by arrest	90.9	96.0	95.8	43.5	90.9	34.0	27.7	22.6						
GROUP V														
302 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 4,755,948:														
Number of offenses known	142	97	296	1,281	1,108	12,593	34,864	6,045						
Number cleared by arrest	123	98	260	525	984	4,030	9,808	1,812						
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.6	101.0	87.8	41.0	88.8	32.0	28.1	30.0						
GROUP VI														
657 cities under 10,000; total population, 3,483,429:														
Number of offenses known	129	129	252	745	980	8,144	17,968	3,135						
Number cleared by arrest	111	104	224	349	875	3,084	6,476	1,206						
Percentage cleared by arrest	86.0	80.6	88.9	46.8	89.3	37.9	36.0	39.4						
Total, 1,182 cities; total population, 38,462,850:														
Number of offenses known	1,934	1,347	2,966	24,378	14,356	118,187	309,755	65,067						
Number cleared by arrest	1,731	1,173	2,447	10,354	11,096	40,905	78,314	14,521						
Percentage cleared by arrest	89.5	87.1	82.5	42.5	77.3	34.7	25.3	22.3						

TABLE 12.—*Offenses known, offenses cleared by arrest, and persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, by population groups—number per 100 known offenses*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
<b>GROUP I</b>								
25 cities over 250,000; total population, 17,339,100:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	87.3	82.1	77.3	43.6	71.5	37.9	22.6	19.2
Persons charged.....	86.4	132.0	77.5	29.5	73.6	23.9	18.7	15.6
<b>GROUP II</b>								
37 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 5,304,741:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	94.9	88.2	85.7	34.8	72.8	31.3	25.5	23.2
Persons charged.....	101.2	82.4	98.9	39.3	75.0	20.7	20.6	16.2
<b>GROUP III</b>								
62 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 4,230,897:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	94.0	95.0	87.1	41.4	84.5	29.1	24.8	20.6
Persons charged.....	94.0	100.0	88.5	36.4	107.2	20.1	21.5	16.2
<b>GROUP IV</b>								
99 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 3,348,735:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	90.9	98.0	93.8	43.5	90.9	34.0	27.7	22.6
Persons charged.....	90.1	95.0	107.4	42.2	88.8	23.3	21.9	17.1
<b>GROUP V</b>								
302 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 4,755,948:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	86.6	101.0	87.8	41.0	88.8	32.0	28.1	30.0
Persons charged.....	82.4	103.1	97.3	50.0	93.9	26.8	33.2	25.3
<b>GROUP VI</b>								
657 cities under 10,000; total population, 3,483,429:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	86.0	80.6	88.9	46.8	89.3	37.9	36.0	39.4
Persons charged.....	79.1	83.7	88.1	58.9	85.4	31.4	28.0	35.6
<b>TOTAL, GROUPS I-VI</b>								
1,182 cities; total population, 38,-462,850:								
Offenses known.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Offenses cleared by arrest.....	89.5	87.1	82.5	42.5	77.3	34.7	25.3	22.3
Persons charged.....	86.3	100.2	86.0	33.7	81.2	23.6	20.8	17.8

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**Persons Charged (Held for Prosecution), 1938.**

The annual reports received from police departments consist of two basically different types of information, the first dealing with offenses known and offenses cleared, and the second dealing with the number of persons arrested and the number found guilty. Tables 13 and 14 deal with some of the information taken from the police reports reflecting the number of persons arrested.

It should be noted that the rules for scoring the number of items to be recorded are not the same for the report of offenses known to have been committed as for the report of persons charged. To illustrate, if two persons acting jointly rob a business place and both of the offenders are arrested and charged with robbery, the offense report will show one robbery committed and one robbery cleared, but the arrest report will show two persons arrested and charged with robbery. Similarly, if a person commits a robbery on each of three different days and is subsequently taken into custody and charged with those crimes, the reports will show three offenses of robbery committed, three disposed of by arrest, and one person held for prosecution for robbery.

Of the 4,091,193 persons listed in table 14 as held for prosecution, 67 percent were proceeded against for violation of traffic and motor vehicle laws, 13.5 percent for drunkenness, and 3.5 percent for disorderly conduct. This means that 84 percent of the persons involved were proceeded against for comparatively minor violations. However, many arrests were for serious crimes, as reflected by the following figures:

Murder	1,727	Stolen property (receiving, etc.)	4,145
Manslaughter by negligence	1,471	Forgery and counterfeiting	5,127
Robbery	8,205	Rape	2,550
Aggravated assault	11,653	Narcotic drug laws	2,570
Burglary	27,943	Weapons (carrying, etc.)	5,516
Larceny	64,499		
Auto theft	11,580	Total	156,559
Embezzlement and fraud	9,573		

As indicated in table 14, the preceding figures are based on reports received from only 1,182 cities with a combined population of 38,462,850.

In a very small number of the reports received from police agencies, the data for two or more classifications were presented in a single figure. In such instances the arrests were distributed among the several classifications in the ratio in which they occurred in the reports received from the remaining police agencies in the same population group.

As previously indicated, 70 to 75 percent of the police departments in cities with a population in excess of 25,000 advised that their annual arrest reports included all or part of the juveniles arrested. This means, of course, that 25 to 30 percent of the arrest reports from cities in that population range are incomplete. Since youthful persons are frequently involved in offenses against property (robbery, burglary, larceny, and auto theft), it is apparent that the figures in table 14 showing arrests for those types of violations are quite conservative.

TABLE 13.—*Percentage distribution of persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938*  
 [1,182 cities; total population, 38,462,880]

Offense charged	Percent	Offense charged	Percent
Criminal homicide:		Prostitution and commercialized vice	0.99
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	0.04	Other sex offenses	.24
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	.03	Narcotic drug laws	.06
Robbery	.19	Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	.13
Aggravated assault	.27	Offenses against the family and children	.50
Other assaults	1.12	Liquor laws	.48
Burglary—breaking or entering	.65	Driving while intoxicated	.88
Larceny—theft	1.51	Traffic and motor vehicle laws	67.10
Auto theft	.27	Disorderly conduct	3.54
Embezzlement and fraud	.22	Drunkenness	13.53
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	.10	Vagrancy	1.89
Forgery and counterfeiting	.12	Gambling	1.45
Rape	.06	All other offenses	4.63
		Total	100.00

TABLE 14.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 1,182 cities; total population, 38,462,850
Offense charged	25 cities over 250,000; population, 17,339,100	37 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 5,304,741	62 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 4,230,897	99 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 3,348,735	302 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 4,755,948	657 cities under 10,000; population, 3,483,429	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	845	336	218	109	117	102	1,727
Rate per 100,000.....	4.9	6.3	5.2	3.3	2.5	2.9	4.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	804	224	139	96	100	108	1,471
Rate per 100,000.....	4.6	4.2	3.3	2.9	2.1	3.1	3.8
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged.....	4,934	999	675	517	641	439	8,205
Rate per 100,000.....	28.5	18.8	16.0	15.4	13.5	12.6	21.3
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged.....	5,344	1,676	1,707	1,040	1,040	837	11,653
Rate per 100,000.....	30.8	31.6	40.3	31.3	21.0	24.0	30.3
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged.....	19,536	8,111	6,522	4,777	5,732	2,003	47,681
Rate per 100,000.....	112.7	152.9	154.2	142.7	120.5	86.2	124.0
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged.....	12,235	4,252	2,974	2,552	3,371	2,559	27,943
Rate per 100,000.....	70.6	90.2	70.3	76.2	70.9	73.5	72.6
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged.....	25,291	11,153	8,173	6,746	8,098	5,038	64,490
Rate per 100,000.....	145.9	210.3	193.2	201.4	170.3	144.6	167.7
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged.....	5,024	1,847	1,138	923	1,532	1,116	11,580
Rate per 100,000.....	29.0	34.8	26.9	37.6	32.2	32.0	30.1
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged.....	4,930	1,408	1,001	831	905	468	9,573
Rate per 100,000.....	28.4	29.5	23.7	34.8	19.7	13.4	24.9
Steal property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,768	816	1,365	241	379	576	4,145
Rate per 100,000.....	10.2	15.4	8.8	7.2	8.0	16.5	10.8
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,666	843	663	573	783	579	5,127
Rate per 100,000.....	9.7	15.9	15.7	17.1	16.5	16.6	13.3
Rape:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,223	359	254	204	288	222	2,550
Rate per 100,000.....	7.1	6.8	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged.....	30,971	5,923	1,437	1,031	961	426	40,739
Rate per 100,000.....	178.6	111.7	34.0	30.8	20.0	12.2	105.9
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged.....	4,542	1,466	1,422	1,141	1,022	512	4,105
Rate per 100,000.....	26.2	27.6	33.6	34.4	21.5	14.7	26.3
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,739	404	170	81	87	89	2,570
Rate per 100,000.....	10.0	7.6	4.0	2.4	1.8	2.6	6.7
Weapons, carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged.....	2,514	904	674	554	518	352	5,516
Rate per 100,000.....	14.5	17.0	15.9	16.5	10.9	10.1	14.3
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged.....	\$ 11,408	\$ 3,454	1,779	2,044	1,640	870	7 21,195
Rate per 100,000.....	66.9	68.2	42.7	61.0	34.5	25.0	56.0
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	5,708	\$ 4,665	3,388	3,231	1,936	1,487	\$ 20,415
Rate per 100,000.....	32.9	92.2	80.1	96.5	40.7	42.7	53.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged.....	10,307	4,991	4,690	4,747	6,451	6,533	37,719
Rate per 100,000.....	59.4	94.1	110.9	141.8	135.6	187.5	98.1
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	\$ 1,375,089	481,389	259,866	220,966	224,397	126,920	\$ 2,688,627
Rate per 100,000.....	9,157.0	9,074.7	6,142.1	6,598.5	4,718.2	3,643.5	7,439.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 14.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 1,182 cities; total population, 38,462,850
	25 cities over 250,000; population, 17,330,100	37 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 5,304,741	62 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 4,230,807	99 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 3,348,735	302 cit- ies, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 4,755,948	657 cit- ies under 10,000; population, 3,483,429	
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged.....	70,768	19,675	14,303	12,432	20,243	13,477	150,808
Rate per 100,000.....	408.1	370.9	338.1	371.2	425.6	386.9	392.3
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged.....	256,877	101,946	53,083	54,316	66,231	44,792	577,245
Rate per 100,000.....	1,481.5	1,921.8	1,254.7	1,622.0	1,392.6	1,285.9	1,500.8
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged.....	31,020	16,754	11,278	6,794	8,665	6,050	80,570
Rate per 100,000.....	179.0	315.8	266.6	202.9	182.2	173.7	200.5
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged.....	39,027	8,742	5,360	3,818	3,303	1,669	61,919
Rate per 100,000.....	225.1	164.8	126.7	114.0	69.4	47.9	161.0
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged.....	93,561	39,422	18,907	19,624	15,628	10,379	197,521
Rate per 100,000.....	539.6	743.1	446.9	588.0	328.6	298.0	513.5

<sup>1-10</sup> The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports from the number of cities indicated below:

Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population
1.....	61	4,165,197	5.....	24	17,061,100	9.....	23	15,016,800
2.....	1,181	38,397,180	6.....	36	5,961,241	10.....	1,180	36,140,550
3.....	96	3,312,335	7.....	1,170	37,875,600			
4.....	1,181	38,426,450	8.....	1,181	38,219,350			

Most of the police departments presented in their reports detailed information concerning the nature of the traffic violations with which persons were charged. This information is included in table 15 and is based upon the number of reports indicated in the table.

The types of violations to be included in each of the classes presented in table 15 are as follows:

Violation of road and driving laws includes violations of regulations with respect to the proper handling of a vehicle in order to prevent accidents. Examples are failure to obey traffic signal, improper speed, reckless driving, and operating with unsafe equipment.

Parking violations include all types of violations of parking regulations.

Other traffic and motor vehicle laws include violations not provided for in separate offense classes. Examples of cases to be listed here are failure to secure proper license for car or for driving, leaving scene of accident, lack of title, and obscured or defective markers.

The traffic infractions represented in table 15 were distributed as follows: Parking violations, 59.8 percent; violation of road and driving laws, 30.9 percent; other traffic and motor vehicle laws, 9.3 percent.

TABLE 15.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), traffic violations, except driving while intoxicated, 1938; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 882 cities; total population, 26,623,900
	18 cities over 250,000; popula- tion, 11,117,800	25 cities 25,000 to 250,000; popula- tion, 3,731,107	48 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; popula- tion, 3,270,508	72 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; popula- tion, 2,491,571	216 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; popula- tion, 3,384,312	503 cities under 10,000; popula- tion, 2,648,692	
Road and driving laws:							
Number of persons charged	370,945	58,076	60,383	35,903	56,340	43,440	634,087
Rate per 100,000	3,417.4	1,556.5	1,846.3	1,441.1	1,674.6	1,640.1	2,381.6
Parking violations:							
Number of persons charged	619,522	239,474	130,651	115,933	88,473	31,508	1,225,561
Rate per 100,000	5,572.3	6,418.3	3,994.8	4,653.0	2,629.8	1,189.6	4,603.2
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	116,650	16,347	19,398	12,142	13,214	12,249	190,000
Rate per 100,000	1,049.2	438.1	593.1	487.3	392.8	462.5	713.6

**Offenses Known, Offenses Cleared by Arrest, and Persons Found Guilty, 1938.**

The annual report prepared by police departments showing the number of persons arrested also provides for a listing of the number of persons found guilty. This information is subdivided to show the number found guilty of the offense charged and those found guilty of a lesser offense. Information of this type is presented in tables 16 and 17.

The compilations are limited to the reports received from 77 police departments of cities with population in excess of 25,000. A considerably larger number of reports was received from police departments of such cities, but the following tabulations were limited to reports which apparently had been properly compiled with reference to this particular type of information. If all persons listed as guilty were indicated as having been found guilty of the offense charged, the report was not included in the tabulation. Similarly, reports showing an unusually low or an exceedingly high proportion of persons as found guilty were excluded on the assumption that they probably were not correct. An additional requirement for inclusion of the report in the following compilation was that it be accompanied by a statement indicating affirmatively that the figures concerning persons found guilty represented the final disposition of the charge as distinguished from the disposition at some intermediate stage.

As previously indicated, persons found guilty have been subdivided as to whether they were convicted of the offense charged or of a less serious offense. A lesser offense is one which bears a less severe penalty. The figures concerning those found guilty of a lesser offense include those convicted of a less serious offense within the same class or of a less serious offense in a different class.

The figures in table 16 show that there were 37,214 persons held for prosecution for part I classes. There were 23,731 (63.8 percent) found guilty of the offense charged, and 4,704 (12.6 percent) found guilty of a lesser offense, making a total of 28,435 (76.4 percent) found guilty. Table 17 shows that there were 1,076,576 persons held for prosecution for part II classes and that 807,826 (75.0 percent) were

found guilty of the offense charged, and 3,681 (0.3 percent) were found guilty of a lesser offense, making a total of 811,507 (75.3 percent) found guilty.

Table 16 shows the number of offenses committed, the number disposed of by arrests, the number of persons arrested, and the number found guilty for a limited number of offense classes. Table 17 shows only the number of persons arrested and the number found guilty of violations falling within the remaining offense classes. The information in table 17 has been so limited because the reports received from police departments provide for the listing of only the types of information presented in table 17 for the violations represented.

In several instances the offense classes shown in table 17 are not identical with those in table 14. This is due to the fact that some of the reports did not include separate figures for the classes which have been consolidated in table 17.

TABLE 16.—*Offenses known, offenses cleared by arrest, and number of persons found guilty, 1938; 77 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 12,136,644, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense (Part I classes)	Number of offenses known to the police	Number of offenses cleared by arrest	Number of persons charged (held for prosecution)	Number found guilty of offense charged	Number found guilty of lesser offense	Total found guilty (of offense charged or lesser offense)	Percentage found guilty
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	605	533	526	238	102	340	64.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	325	255	396	142	30	172	43.4
Rape	1,206	905	844	321	166	487	57.7
Robbery	12,144	5,100	3,040	1,594	948	2,542	83.6
Aggravated assault	5,285	3,595	3,911	2,028	522	2,530	65.2
Burglary—breaking or entering	40,523	15,333	6,894	3,726	1,600	5,435	78.8
Larceny—theft (except auto theft)	105,809	25,180	19,108	14,054	898	14,922	78.2
Auto theft	18,728	4,081	2,493	1,618	339	1,957	78.4

TABLE 17.—*Number of persons charged (held for prosecution) and number found guilty, 1938; 77 cities over 25,000 in population*

[Total population, 12,136,644, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense (Part II classes)	Number of persons charged (held for prosecution)	Number found guilty of offense charged	Number found guilty of lesser offense	Total found guilty (of offense charged or lesser offense)	Percentage found guilty
Other assaults	14,675	8,918	147	9,065	61.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	1,077	742	176	918	85.2
Embezzlement and fraud	4,141	2,316	262	2,578	62.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, etc.	1,374	696	164	860	62.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	1,769	1,291	76	1,367	77.3
Sex offenses (including prostitution and commercialized vice)	19,602	8,490	147	8,637	44.1
Offenses against the family and children	7,815	4,550	90	4,640	59.4
Narcotic drug laws	860	681	27	708	82.3
Liquor laws	6,782	5,435	48	5,483	80.8
Drunkenness; disorderly conduct and vagrancy	203,276	134,199	213	134,412	66.1
Gambling	18,083	10,643	302	10,945	60.5
Driving while intoxicated	8,145	6,177	600	6,777	83.2
Traffic and motor vehicle laws	1,735,264	1,600,223	1,625	1,600,848	1,81.7
All other offenses	53,711	23,465	804	24,269	45.2

<sup>1</sup> Based on reports of 76 cities with a total population of 10,470,544.



*Persons Released (Not Held for Prosecution), 1938.*

The annual report concerning persons dealt with by the police provides for a listing of the number of persons taken into custody who were released without any formal charge having been placed against them. Information of this type based on reports received from police departments of 868 cities with a total population of 26,447,390 is presented in table 18. The number of cities represented is substantially less than in table 14 because the reports were excluded if there were no entries in the column devoted to persons released, or if the entries appeared to be incomplete, or otherwise incorrect. Reports listing persons released opposite only the classification "suspicion" were included in the compilation.

The figures in the following table include persons who were taken into custody because it was thought they had been involved in the commission of crimes and who were later released either because it was found that they were innocent or because of insufficient evidence. Also, the table includes instances in which youthful persons were taken into custody but were released because the complaining witnesses refused to prosecute when they learned of the youth of the offender. Likewise, the compilation includes individuals who were taken into custody and released with a reprimand or on the "golden rule" principle. Persons summoned, notified, or cited to appear in court or at a police traffic bureau because of alleged violations, who failed to appear in response thereto, and who were not subsequently arrested, are also represented in table 18. Warning tags issued in some cities for minor violations of traffic regulations are also represented in the following tabulation.

With reference to the classification "suspicion," it should be noted that if a person was taken into custody because it was suspected that he had been involved in the commission of a specific offense, his arrest and subsequent release without being held for prosecution should be listed opposite the offense class involved. Entries in table 18 opposite "suspicion" should be limited to instances in which persons were taken into custody because of circumstances which caused the police to believe that they had been involved in criminal activities of some nature, although they were not taken into custody in connection with some specific offense. From an examination of the reports received, it appears probable that in some instances the entries were placed opposite "suspicion" when they would have been more properly listed opposite some other offense class in accordance with the foregoing explanation.

TABLE 18.—*Persons released without being held for prosecution, 1938; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 868 cities; total population, 26,447,390
	18 cities over 250,000; population, 11,159,400	24 cities, over 100,000 to 250,000; population, 3,278,934	48 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 3,305,208	72 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 2,444,847	233 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 3,671,024	473 cities under 10,000; population, 2,887,977	
<b>Criminal homicide:</b>							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons released.....	78	23	40	14	35	7	197
Rate per 100,000.....	.7	.7	1.2	.6	1.0	.3	.7
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons released.....	133	7	18	9	20	15	202
Rate per 100,000.....	1.2	.2	.5	.4	.5	.6	.8
<b>Robbery:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	308	224	166	78	282	115	1,173
Rate per 100,000.....	2.8	6.8	5.0	3.2	7.7	4.4	4.4
<b>Aggravated assault:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	407	90	76	121	136	96	926
Rate per 100,000.....	3.6	2.7	2.3	4.9	3.7	3.7	3.5
<b>Other assaults:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	2,163	191	250	194	585	300	3,683
Rate per 100,000.....	19.4	5.8	7.6	7.9	15.9	11.6	13.9
<b>Burglary—breaking or entering:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	970	423	433	275	909	588	3,598
Rate per 100,000.....	8.7	12.9	13.1	11.2	24.8	22.7	13.6
<b>Larceny—theft:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	2,508	946	1,040	806	1,528	977	7,805
Rate per 100,000.....	22.5	28.9	31.5	33.0	41.6	37.8	29.5
<b>Auto theft:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	315	217	185	114	290	206	1,327
Rate per 100,000.....	2.8	6.6	5.6	4.7	7.9	8.0	5.0
<b>Embezzlement and fraud:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	328	40	85	41	101	79	674
Rate per 100,000.....	2.9	1.2	2.6	1.7	2.8	3.1	2.5
<b>Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	129	38	147	21	149	163	547
Rate per 100,000.....	1.2	1.2	1.5	.9	4.1	6.3	2.1
<b>Forgery and counterfeiting:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	50	66	63	30	165	127	501
Rate per 100,000.....	.4	2.0	1.9	1.2	4.5	4.9	1.9
<b>Rape:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	208	36	34	23	47	43	301
Rate per 100,000.....	1.9	1.1	1.0	.9	1.3	1.7	1.5
<b>Prostitution and commercialized vice:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	3,729	324	106	29	84	143	4,415
Rate per 100,000.....	33.4	9.9	3.2	1.2	2.3	5.5	16.7
<b>Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):</b>							
Number of persons released.....	103	53	95	55	78	77	461
Rate per 100,000.....	.9	1.6	2.9	2.2	2.1	3.0	1.7
<b>Narcotic drug laws:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	45	22	22	5	36	31	161
Rate per 100,000.....	.4	.7	.7	.2	1.0	1.2	.6
<b>Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	154	58	42	24	99	63	440
Rate per 100,000.....	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.0	2.7	2.4	1.7
<b>Offenses against family and children:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	148	90	193	56	276	139	4802
Rate per 100,000.....	1.4	2.7	2.9	2.3	7.5	5.4	3.1
<b>Liquor laws:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	283	269	131	80	200	86	1,049
Rate per 100,000.....	2.5	8.2	4.0	3.3	5.4	3.3	4.0
<b>Driving while intoxicated:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	64	54	96	152	154	235	755
Rate per 100,000.....	.6	1.6	2.9	6.2	4.2	9.1	2.9
<b>Traffic and motor vehicle laws:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	49,592	81,257	30,855	21,037	65,886	35,794	284,421
Rate per 100,000.....	539.2	2,478.2	933.5	860.5	1,704.8	1,383.1	1,161.6
<b>Disorderly conduct:</b>							
Number of persons released.....	3,571	749	704	470	1,730	1,338	8,562
Rate per 100,000.....	32.0	22.8	21.3	19.2	47.1	51.7	32.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 18.—*Persons released without being held for prosecution, 1938; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

Offense	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 868 cities; total population, 26,447,390
	18 cities over 250,000; population, 11,159,400	24 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 3,278,934	48 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 3,305,206	72 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 2,444,847	233 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 3,071,024	473 cities under 10,000; population, 2,587,977	
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons released	35,199	2,791	13,721	2,538	4,453	6,403	65,105
Rate per 100,000	315.4	85.1	415.1	103.8	121.3	247.4	246.2
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons released	175	1,214	652	1,629	2,000	7,499	13,169
Rate per 100,000	1.6	37.0	19.7	66.6	54.5	289.8	49.8
Gambling:							
Number of persons released	13,378	161	197	155	289	230	14,419
Rate per 100,000	119.9	4.9	6.0	6.3	7.9	9.2	54.5
Suspicion:							
Number of persons released	72,227	15,316	13,089	8,451	12,804	6,990	120,477
Rate per 100,000	647.2	467.1	414.2	345.7	348.8	270.1	489.6
All other offenses:							
Number of persons released	8,607	1,309	1,849	2,274	2,980	2,230	19,249
Rate per 100,000	77.1	39.9	55.9	93.0	81.2	85.2	72.8

<sup>1-4</sup> The number of persons released and the rate are based on the reports from the number of cities indicated below:

Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population
1	47	3,239,508	3	17	10,881,400	5	—	—
2	867	26,381,690	4	866	26,103,690	6	866	24,485,690

As previously indicated, some of the reports listed all types of violations of traffic laws (except driving while intoxicated) in a single figure. In table 19 there are presented data for three types of violations of traffic laws based on reports which were apparently correctly prepared in that respect. The nature of the violations included in each class is the same as indicated in the comment preceding table 15. The types of situations generally represented in the following compilation are outlined in some detail in the comment preceding table 18.

TABLE 19.—*Persons released without being held for prosecution, traffic violations, except driving while intoxicated, 1938; number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 586 cities; total population, 13,545,060
	9 cities over 250,000; population, 3,682,200	13 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 1,780,497	35 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 2,417,708	42 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 1,418,200	161 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population, 2,460,552	326 cities under 10,000; population, 1,786,542	
Road and driving laws:							
Number of persons released	15,434	23,001	2,037	2,597	7,587	4,469	55,125
Rate per 100,000	419.2	1,291.8	84.3	183.1	306.3	250.1	407.0
Parking violations:							
Number of persons released	29,530	60,196	30,458	9,091	40,978	14,955	185,808
Rate per 100,000	802.0	2,380.9	1,259.8	683.3	1,065.4	837.1	1,371.7
Other traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons released	2,097	613	2,606	1,832	7,846	4,181	19,175
Rate per 100,000	56.9	34.4	107.8	129.2	318.9	234.0	141.6

*Percentage of Offenses Cleared by Arrest, 1934-38.*

Table 20 has been prepared to show annual variations in the proportion of known offenses cleared by arrest during the period 1934-38. The data are based on the reports of 48 police departments of cities with an aggregate population of 17,291,415.

The compilation does not show for any type of crime an unvarying annual improvement in the proportion of cases cleared by arrest. However, the record for 1938 is generally favorable as compared with the record for prior years and the proportion of cleared cases of murder, manslaughter, and aggravated assault is higher than for all other years shown in the table.

TABLE 20.—*Percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1934-38*

[48 cities over 100,000, total population 17,291,415, as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Year	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft <sup>1</sup>	Auto theft <sup>2</sup>
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
1934	80.5	78.0	77.8	35.7	65.9	28.5	23.4	12.4
1935	85.0	66.6	70.2	47.5	62.6	33.2	24.2	15.8
1936	81.5	73.3	71.8	44.4	64.4	37.1	23.3	17.7
1937	79.8	80.5	72.5	35.8	66.5	32.7	22.2	21.0
1938	88.8	81.8	74.8	41.7	69.7	35.6	20.8	20.0

<sup>1</sup> The data for larceny-theft are based on reports of 46 cities with a total population of 16,892,281.

<sup>2</sup> The data for auto theft are based on reports of 44 cities with a total population of 12,900,715.

*Offenses Known, Offenses Cleared by Arrest, and Persons Charged, by Geographic Divisions, 1938.*

Tables 11 and 14 showed cities divided into six groups according to size. The information presented in tables 21-40 is based on the same reports. However, the cities have been divided into nine geographic groups according to location, and within each geographic group the cities have been further subdivided according to size. This makes it possible to compare local figures concerning offenses cleared and persons arrested with average figures for cities of the same size located in the same section of the United States. In addition, the compilation furnishes some basis for estimating the approximate amount of minor crimes in each of the nine geographic sections of the United States.

In examining the tabulations relative to the proportion of offenses cleared by arrest, it should be noted that in some of the geographic divisions the total number of cities represented is quite low. This is particularly noticeable in the tables where the cities are divided according to size within each geographic division. Under such circumstances considerable variation in the proportion of offenses cleared by arrest is to be expected. Unusually low figures of this type may be partially attributable to a failure to maintain a complete record of offenses cleared. Likewise, inadequate personnel would cause a tendency toward low figures. On the other hand, figures showing an unusually high proportion of offenses cleared by arrest may indicate a failure to maintain a complete record of all crimes committed, particularly robberies, burglaries, and other thefts, which involve

comparatively small amounts of property. If the record of crimes committed was incomplete in this respect this would tend to result in an artificially high figure concerning the percentage of offenses cleared by arrest.

Figures shown for prostitution and commercialized vice may be considered conservative, inasmuch as in many jurisdictions persons taken into custody for such violations are charged with vagrancy or disorderly conduct. Such arrests, of course, would be listed opposite those offense classes and not opposite prostitution and commercialized vice.

TABLE 21.—*Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by geographic divisions*

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Geographic division	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent	Manslaughter by negligence						
<b>NEW ENGLAND STATES</b>								
118 cities; total population, 3,987,746:								
Number of offenses known—	45	91	288	788	488	9,658	21,968	7,415
Number cleared by arrest—	47	91	268	433	417	3,308	7,455	1,788
Percentage cleared by arrest—	104.4	100.0	93.1	55.7	85.5	34.2	33.9	24.1
<b>MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES</b>								
313 cities; total population, 7,651,497:								
Number of offenses known—	224	229	480	1,901	1,883	12,933	27,405	9,170
Number cleared by arrest—	198	215	427	1,013	1,061	4,950	9,281	1,869
Percentage cleared by arrest—	86.4	93.9	92.8	53.3	88.2	38.3	33.9	20.4
<b>EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES</b>								
306 cities; total population, 13,186,084:								
Number of offenses known—	504	334	1,122	12,084	3,973	42,267	106,361	17,528
Number cleared by arrest—	426	240	824	5,171	2,361	12,411	21,383	3,815
Percentage cleared by arrest—	84.5	74.1	73.4	39.8	59.4	31.7	20.1	21.8
<b>WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES</b>								
144 cities; total population, 4,252,213:								
Number of offenses known—	172	137	296	2,347	682	11,631	36,805	7,770
Number cleared by arrest—	160	130	256	1,172	560	8,026	9,558	2,120
Percentage cleared by arrest—	93.0	94.9	86.5	49.9	82.1	43.2	25.9	27.4
<b>SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES</b>								
85 cities; total population, 2,728,665:								
Number of offenses known—	437	162	270	2,272	3,933	13,557	32,151	7,535
Number cleared by arrest—	402	146	233	863	3,441	4,410	9,881	1,318
Percentage cleared by arrest—	92.0	90.1	86.3	39.3	87.5	32.5	30.7	17.5
<b>EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES</b>								
17 cities; total population, 391,291:								
Number of offenses known—	81	42	13	172	243	1,401	2,910	660
Number cleared by arrest—	68	37	11	88	236	400	1,066	122
Percentage cleared by arrest—	84.0	88.1	84.6	81.2	97.1	26.6	37.3	18.5
<b>WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES</b>								
55 cities; total population, 2,547,783:								
Number of offenses known—	350	137	201	1,454	2,065	10,346	31,692	4,507
Number cleared by arrest—	331	127	176	720	1,700	4,171	9,518	1,376
Percentage cleared by arrest—	93.2	92.7	87.6	49.5	81.5	40.3	30.0	30.5

TABLE 21.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by geographic divisions—Continued

Geographic division	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
<b>MOUNTAIN STATES</b>								
45 cities; total population, 996,223:								
Number of offenses known—	34	24	51	507	176	3,723	11,116	2,225
Number cleared by arrest—	30	18	43	277	153	1,611	2,675	682
Percentage cleared by arrest—	88.2	75.0	84.3	54.6	88.1	43.3	24.1	30.7
<b>PACIFIC STATES</b>								
119 cities; total population, 2,819,378:								
Number of offenses known—	78	201	265	2,003	863	12,671	39,257	8,257
Number cleared by arrest—	69	160	209	587	565	3,710	19,0	1,422
Percentage cleared by arrest—	88.5	84.1	78.9	29.3	63.3	20.3		17.2

TABLE 22.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by geographic divisions

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	New England States	Middle Atlantic States	East North Central States	West North Central States	South Atlantic States	East South Central States	West South Central States	Mountain States	Pacific States
	118 cities; total population, 3,987,746	313 cities; total population, 7,651,407	306 cities; total population, 13,186,084	144 cities; total population, 4,252,213	65 cities; total population, 2,282,665	17 cities; total population, 361,291	35 cities; total population, 2,347,753	45 cities; total population, 896,223	119 cities; total population, 2,819,378
<b>Criminal homicide:</b>									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:									
Number of persons charged—	44	203	431	155	441	71	295	27	60
Rate per 100,000—	1.1	2.7	3.3	3.6	16.2	18.1	11.6	3.0	2.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:									
Number of persons charged—	117	220	303	110	340	33	94	17	147
Rate per 100,000—	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.6	12.5	8.4	3.7	1.9	5.2
<b>Robbery:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	500	914	3,294	819	1,065	126	793	167	507
Rate per 100,000—	12.5	11.9	25.0	19.3	39.8	32.2	31.1	18.6	18.0
<b>Aggravated assault:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	404	1,801	2,438	668	3,883	236	1,635	132	456
Rate per 100,000—	10.1	23.5	18.5	15.7	142.3	60.3	64.2	14.7	16.2
<b>Other assaults:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	4,252	9,864	11,163	1,887	12,729	813	4,379	587	2,007
Rate per 100,000—	106.6	128.9	84.7	44.4	466.5	207.8	171.9	85.4	71.2
<b>Burglary—breaking or entering:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	3,443	4,211	7,168	2,673	4,159	420	3,109	727	2,033
Rate per 100,000—	96.3	55.0	54.4	62.9	152.4	107.3	122.0	80.9	72.1
<b>Larceny—theft:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	6,658	7,260	16,130	7,425	10,167	1,000	7,956	2,400	5,494
Rate per 100,000—	167.0	94.9	122.3	174.6	372.6	257.9	312.3	267.2	194.8
<b>Auto theft:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	1,673	1,728	2,720	1,445	1,386	115	1,074	300	1,139
Rate per 100,000—	42.0	22.6	20.6	34.0	50.8	29.4	42.2	33.4	40.4
<b>Embezzlement and fraud:</b>									
Number of persons charged—	496	1,027	4,390	944	1,320	91	612	215	476
Rate per 100,000—	12.5	13.4	33.3	22.2	48.4	23.3	24.0	23.9	16.9

TABLE 22.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by geographic divisions—Continued*

Offense charged	New England States	Mid-Atlantic States	East North Central States	West North Central States	South Atlantic States	East South Central States	West South Central States	Mountain States	Pacific States
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:									
Number of persons charged.	496	547	1,086	1,347	684	79	644	59	203
Rate per 100,000.	12.4	7.1	8.2	8.3	25.1	20.2	25.3	6.6	7.2
Forgery and counterfeiting:									
Number of persons charged.	441	463	1,071	720	516	100	797	189	830
Rate per 100,000.	11.1	6.1	8.1	18.9	18.9	25.6	31.3	21.0	29.4
Rape:									
Number of persons charged.	245	450	880	268	236	15	204	45	207
Rate per 100,000.	6.1	5.9	6.7	6.3	8.6	3.8	8.0	5.0	7.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice:									
Number of persons charged.	558	7,597	9,206	6,213	5,032	484	3,667	1,460	6,422
Rate per 100,000.	14.0	99.3	70.3	146.1	184.4	123.7	143.9	77.5	227.8
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):									
Number of persons charged.	2,550	1,250	2,615	791	1,082	23	834	219	741
Rate per 100,000.	63.9	16.3	19.9	18.6	39.7	5.9	32.7	24.4	26.3
Narcotic drug laws:									
Number of persons charged.	212	206	561	274	68	15	678	99	457
Rate per 100,000.	5.3	2.7	4.3	6.4	2.5	3.8	26.6	11.0	16.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:									
Number of persons charged.	261	804	1,294	343	1,329	226	873	112	274
Rate per 100,000.	6.5	10.5	9.8	8.1	48.7	57.8	84.3	12.5	9.7
Offenses against family and children:									
Number of persons charged.	4,095	2,883	6,996	2,043	2,757	227	208	35	954
Rate per 100,000.	102.7	37.7	53.1	48.8	137.7	58.0	10.0	3.9	33.8
Liquor laws:									
Number of persons charged.	503	1,651	4,121	2,014	8,269	1,156	1,763	170	768
Rate per 100,000.	12.6	21.6	31.3	47.4	303.0	295.4	76.5	18.9	27.2
Driving while intoxicated:									
Number of persons charged.	3,345	3,328	10,448	3,691	5,454	741	1,977	1,405	7,330
Rate per 100,000.	83.9	43.5	79.2	86.8	199.9	180.4	77.6	156.4	260.0
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:									
Number of persons charged.	144,742	385,819	853,241	268,725	221,252	14,401	433,629	76,143	300,671
Rate per 100,000.	3,629.7	4,680.3	7,406.6	6,790.2	8,108.4	3,690.4	17,019.8	8,477.1	13,899.5
Disorderly conduct:									
Number of persons charged.	4,767	28,014	34,019	14,194	38,201	3,153	16,902	5,231	6,287
Rate per 100,000.	119.5	366.1	258.0	333.8	1,400.0	905.8	664.6	582.4	226.5
Drunkenness:									
Number of persons charged.	93,967	79,099	110,802	47,900	75,043	11,275	58,260	13,763	86,227
Rate per 100,000.	2,356.4	1,045.5	840.3	1,126.5	2,750.2	2,881.5	2,287.1	1,532.2	3,058.4
Vagrancy:									
Number of persons charged.	1,900	11,042	8,208	9,675	6,497	523	14,764	1,324	23,496
Rate per 100,000.	49.9	144.3	63.2	227.5	238.1	133.7	579.5	535.7	833.4
Gambling:									
Number of persons charged.	2,582	4,055	21,081	2,263	7,891	670	8,920	822	13,626
Rate per 100,000.	64.7	53.0	159.9	53.2	289.2	173.5	350.1	91.5	483.3
All other offenses:									
Number of persons charged.	14,997	33,663	51,549	16,953	32,040	2,183	20,891	5,683	17,562
Rate per 100,000.	376.1	440.0	406.1	398.7	1,174.2	557.9	820.0	633.7	622.9

<sup>1-7</sup> The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports of the number of cities as follows:

Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population	Footnote	Cities	Population
1	143	4,186,513	4	53	2,026,253	7	118	2,163,178
2	44	605,023	5	54	2,304,253			
3	305	13,149,684	6	305	11,519,984			

TABLE 23.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## NEW ENGLAND STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,042,500:								
Number of offenses known.....	11	44	122	406	229	1,453	4,360	3,649
Number cleared by arrest.....	12	42	119	266	213	957	3,036	849
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.1	95.5	97.5	65.5	93.0	65.9	69.6	23.3
GROUP II.—8 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 1,064,631:								
Number of offenses known.....	21	11	58	157	132	4,015	8,183	2,163
Number cleared by arrest.....	22	15	57	70	100	928	1,673	508
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	104.8	136.4	98.3	44.6	75.8	23.1	20.5	23.5
GROUP III.—6 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 394,631:								
Number of offenses known.....	4	5	34	47	16	1,206	2,302	503
Number cleared by arrest.....	4	5	28	23	11	376	591	122
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	100.0	82.4	48.9	65.8	31.2	23.7	24.3
GROUP IV.—13 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 457,592:								
Number of offenses known.....	2	9	8	42	16	1,130	2,790	402
Number cleared by arrest.....	2	9	8	22	15	301	745	86
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	52.4	93.8	26.6	26.7	17.5
GROUP V.—47 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 764,978:								
Number of offenses known.....	6	13	48	70	70	1,406	3,536	483
Number cleared by arrest.....	6	12	41	44	56	552	1,030	159
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	92.3	85.4	62.9	80.0	39.3	29.0	32.9
GROUP VI.—42 cities under 10,000; total population, 263,214:								
Number of offenses known.....	1	9	18	16	25	448	807	125
Number cleared by arrest.....	1	8	15	8	22	192	380	64
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	88.9	88.3	50.0	88.0	42.9	47.1	51.2
Total 118 cities; total population, 3,987,746:								
Number of offenses known.....	45	91	288	738	468	9,658	21,968	7,415
Number cleared by arrest.....	47	91	288	433	417	3,306	7,455	1,788
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	104.4	100.0	93.1	58.7	85.5	34.2	83.9	24.1

TABLE 24.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## NEW ENGLAND STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 118 cities; total population, 3,987,746
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 1,042,500	8 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 1,064,631	6 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 394,631	13 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 457,592	47 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 764,978	42 cities under 10,000; population, 263,214	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	15	18	2	2	6	1	44
Rate per 100,000.....	1.4	1.7	.5	.4	.8	.4	1.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	67	14	5	9	13	9	117
Rate per 100,000.....	6.4	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.7	3.4	2.9
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged.....	302	81	28	25	57	12	500
Rate per 100,000.....	29.0	7.6	5.8	5.5	7.5	4.6	12.5

TABLE 24.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

## NEW ENGLAND STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 118 cities; total population, 3,987,746
	3 cities over 250,000; population, 1,042,500	8 cities 100,000 to 260,000; population, 1,006,831	6 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 304,631	13 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 457,562	47 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 764,978	42 cities under 10,000; population, 263,214	
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged.....	211	83	17	16	56	21	404
Rate per 100,000.....	20.2	7.8	4.3	3.5	7.3	8.0	10.1
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,551	1,188	344	312	669	218	4,252
Rate per 100,000.....	148.8	108.7	87.2	68.2	87.5	82.8	106.6
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,597	644	219	302	503	178	3,443
Rate per 100,000.....	153.2	60.5	55.5	66.0	65.8	67.6	86.3
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged.....	2,868	1,357	516	663	919	335	6,658
Rate per 100,000.....	275.1	127.4	130.8	144.9	120.1	127.3	167.0
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged.....	928	355	102	71	182	55	1,673
Rate per 100,000.....	89.0	31.5	25.8	15.5	23.8	20.9	42.0
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged.....	217	135	30	23	54	39	498
Rate per 100,000.....	20.8	12.7	7.6	5.0	7.1	14.8	12.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged.....	232	120	33	40	45	26	496
Rate per 100,000.....	22.3	11.3	8.4	8.7	5.9	9.0	12.4
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged.....	276	58	26	28	32	21	441
Rate per 100,000.....	26.5	5.4	6.6	6.1	4.2	8.0	11.1
Rape:							
Number of persons charged.....	96	55	30	9	40	15	245
Rate per 100,000.....	9.2	5.2	7.6	2.0	5.2	5.7	6.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged.....	254	219	41	29	9	6	558
Rate per 100,000.....	24.4	20.6	10.4	6.3	1.2	2.3	14.0
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged.....	1,362	498	171	188	228	103	2,550
Rate per 100,000.....	130.6	46.8	43.3	41.1	29.8	30.1	63.9
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	176	30	1	4	1	—	312
Rate per 100,000.....	16.9	2.8	.3	.9	.1	—	5.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged.....	146	42	18	20	29	6	261
Rate per 100,000.....	14.0	3.9	4.6	4.4	3.8	2.3	6.5
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged.....	1,262	1,405	307	394	499	228	4,095
Rate per 100,000.....	121.1	131.9	77.8	86.1	65.2	86.6	102.7
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	139	209	28	46	54	27	503
Rate per 100,000.....	13.3	19.6	7.1	10.1	7.1	10.3	12.6
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged.....	569	627	320	404	994	411	3,345
Rate per 100,000.....	56.5	58.9	81.1	88.3	129.9	156.1	83.9
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged.....	54,480	60,212	13,001	6,760	8,536	1,753	144,742
Rate per 100,000.....	5,225.9	5,654.6	3,294.5	1,477.3	1,115.8	666.0	3,629.7
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged.....	402	2,741	222	687	460	255	4,767
Rate per 100,000.....	38.6	237.4	58.3	150.1	60.1	96.9	119.5
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged.....	45,374	23,032	8,256	6,575	8,507	2,223	93,967
Rate per 100,000.....	4,352.4	2,163.0	2,082.1	1,436.9	1,112.1	844.6	2,356.4
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged.....	252	488	229	514	377	130	1,000
Rate per 100,000.....	24.2	45.8	58.0	112.3	49.3	48.4	40.9
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged.....	914	814	171	309	282	92	2,582
Rate per 100,000.....	87.7	76.4	43.3	67.5	36.9	35.0	64.7
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged.....	5,865	3,907	780	1,430	2,463	492	14,907
Rate per 100,000.....	562.6	372.5	197.7	312.5	322.0	186.9	376.1

Total, 118 cities; total population, 3,987,746  
117  
1.1  
2.9  
2.1  
500  
12.5

TABLE 25.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
Group I.—3 cities over 250,000; total population, 2,800,600:								
Number of offenses known.....	121	34	186	1,066	954	3,306	7,401	4,039
Number cleared by arrest.....	104	31	177	598	810	1,772	3,041	605
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	86.0	91.2	95.2	56.1	84.9	53.6	41.1	15.0
Group II.—6 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 849,700:								
Number of offenses known.....	12	56	50	137	157	1,764	5,045	1,332
Number cleared by arrest.....	12	54	44	58	130	841	1,713	208
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	96.4	88.0	42.3	82.8	47.7	34.0	15.6
Group III.—13 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 957,100:								
Number of offenses known.....	28	25	56	245	212	2,684	3,981	1,355
Number cleared by arrest.....	27	21	51	124	197	639	880	315
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	96.4	84.0	91.1	50.6	92.9	23.8	22.3	23.2
Group IV.—18 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 603,000:								
Number of offenses known.....	14	38	44	114	160	1,180	2,900	808
Number cleared by arrest.....	12	37	44	58	154	300	729	99
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	85.7	97.4	100.0	50.9	96.3	25.4	25.1	16.6
Group V.—86 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 1,304,528:								
Number of offenses known.....	25	41	69	213	245	2,589	5,361	1,303
Number cleared by arrest.....	20	44	62	100	223	824	1,761	418
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	80.0	107.3	80.9	46.9	91.0	31.8	32.7	32.1
Group VI.—187 cities under 10,000; total population, 956,569:								
Number of offenses known.....	24	35	55	126	155	1,410	2,667	543
Number cleared by arrest.....	23	28	49	75	147	574	1,148	224
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	95.8	80.0	89.1	59.5	94.8	40.7	42.6	41.3
Total, 313 cities; total population, 7,651,497:								
Number of offenses known.....	224	229	460	1,901	1,883	12,933	27,405	9,170
Number cleared by arrest.....	198	213	427	1,013	1,661	4,950	9,281	1,869
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	88.4	93.9	92.8	53.3	88.2	38.3	33.9	20.4

TABLE 26.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 313 cities; total population, 7,651,497
	3 cities over 100,000 to 250,000; population, 2,800,600	6 cities over 100,000 to 250,000; population, 849,700	13 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 957,100	18 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 603,000	86 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 1,304,528	187 cities under 10,000; population, 956,569	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	104	12	33	12	19	23	203
Rate per 100,000.....	3.6	1.4	3.4	2.0	1.3	2.4	2.7
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	31	56	24	37	43	29	220
Rate per 100,000.....	1.1	6.6	2.5	6.1	3.1	3.0	2.9

TABLE 26.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

## MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I 3 cities over 250,000; population, 2,900,600	Group II 6 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 849,700	Group III 13 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 937,100	Group IV 18 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 603,000	Group V 86 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 1,394,528	Group VI 187 cities under 10,000; population, 956,569	Total, 313 cities; total population, 7,851,497
<b>Robbery:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	453	54	140	57	111	99	914
Rate per 100,000.....	15.7	6.4	14.6	9.5	8.0	10.3	11.9
<b>Aggravated assault:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	916	124	217	173	233	138	1,801
Rate per 100,000.....	31.7	14.6	22.7	28.7	16.7	14.4	23.5
<b>Other assaults:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	4,695	1,052	932	859	1,516	810	9,864
Rate per 100,000.....	162.4	123.8	97.4	142.5	108.7	84.7	128.9
<b>Burglary—breaking or entering:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	1,867	453	386	299	717	499	4,211
Rate per 100,000.....	64.2	53.8	40.3	49.6	51.4	52.2	55.0
<b>Larceny—theft:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	1,821	961	939	760	1,668	1,081	7,260
Rate per 100,000.....	63.0	113.1	98.1	126.0	121.8	113.0	94.9
<b>Auto theft:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	678	144	268	109	310	219	1,728
Rate per 100,000.....	23.5	16.9	28.0	18.1	22.2	22.9	22.6
<b>Embezzlement and fraud:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	163	133	103	166	281	181	1,027
Rate per 100,000.....	5.6	15.7	10.8	27.5	20.2	18.9	13.4
<b>Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	307	18	58	22	94	48	547
Rate per 100,000.....	10.6	2.1	6.1	3.6	6.7	5.0	7.1
<b>Forgery and counterfeiting:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	109	50	58	51	124	71	463
Rate per 100,000.....	3.8	5.9	6.1	8.5	8.9	7.4	6.1
<b>Rape:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	196	50	49	44	69	42	450
Rate per 100,000.....	6.8	5.9	5.1	7.3	4.9	4.4	5.9
<b>Prostitution and commercialized vice:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	6,855	260	325	48	96	23	7,597
Rate per 100,000.....	237.1	30.6	34.0	8.0	6.2	2.4	99.3
<b>Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	455	113	215	106	244	117	1,250
Rate per 100,000.....	15.7	13.3	22.5	17.6	17.5	12.2	16.3
<b>Narcotic drug laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	149	15	25	4	8	5	206
Rate per 100,000.....	5.2	1.8	2.6	.7	.6	.5	2.7
<b>Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	450	60	95	46	93	60	804
Rate per 100,000.....	15.6	7.1	9.9	7.6	6.7	6.3	10.5
<b>Offenses against family and children:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	1,109	337	328	304	538	267	2,883
Rate per 100,000.....	38.4	39.7	34.3	50.4	38.6	27.9	37.7
<b>Liquor laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	953	178	116	131	160	113	1,651
Rate per 100,000.....	33.0	20.9	12.1	21.7	11.5	11.8	21.6
<b>Driving while intoxicated:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	1,172	229	354	269	763	541	3,328
Rate per 100,000.....	40.5	27.0	37.0	44.6	54.7	56.6	43.5
<b>Traffic and motor vehicle laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	109,359	59,233	55,211	43,229	58,620	30,167	355,819
Rate per 100,000.....	3,783.3	6,971.0	5,768.6	7,169.0	4,208.6	3,153.7	4,650.3
<b>Disorderly conduct:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	9,511	1,647	2,694	2,717	6,766	4,679	28,014
Rate per 100,000.....	329.0	193.8	281.5	450.6	485.2	489.1	386.1
<b>Drunkenness:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	39,600	9,615	8,786	6,082	10,823	5,093	79,909
Rate per 100,000.....	1,370.0	1,131.6	918.0	1,008.6	770.1	532.4	1,045.5
<b>Vagrancy:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	5,825	962	1,185	468	1,285	1,317	11,042
Rate per 100,000.....	201.5	113.2	123.8	77.6	92.1	137.7	144.3
<b>Gambling:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	1,903	307	299	948	425	173	4,055
Rate per 100,000.....	65.8	36.1	31.2	157.2	30.5	18.1	53.0
<b>All other offenses:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	19,914	2,026	2,480	2,608	4,152	2,513	33,063
Rate per 100,000.....	688.9	238.4	256.0	432.5	297.7	262.7	440.0

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TABLE 27.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—8 cities, over 250,000; total population, 7,998,100:								
Number of offenses known...	387	195	815	10,876	3,276	27,358	68,371	10,362
Number cleared by arrest...	318	136	559	4,436	1,850	8,904	11,950	1,863
Percentage cleared by arrest...	82.2	69.7	68.6	40.8	56.5	32.5	17.5	18.0
GROUP II.—6 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 871,100:								
Number of offenses known...	43	46	81	439	242	2,976	8,882	1,720
Number cleared by arrest...	39	31	63	178	128	1,066	1,866	501
Percentage cleared by arrest...	90.7	67.4	77.8	40.5	52.9	35.8	21.0	29.1
GROUP III.—19 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 1,233,210:								
Number of offenses known...	21	32	66	680	142	3,940	9,763	1,890
Number cleared by arrest...	25	31	58	244	118	1,070	2,432	390
Percentage cleared by arrest...	119.0	96.9	87.9	35.9	83.1	27.2	24.9	20.6
GROUP IV.—32 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 1,086,855:								
Number of offenses known...	22	16	53	363	112	2,938	8,760	1,559
Number cleared by arrest...	17	15	52	117	92	790	2,012	415
Percentage cleared by arrest...	77.3	93.8	98.1	32.2	82.1	26.9	23.0	26.6
GROUP V.—70 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 1,082,977:								
Number of offenses known...	20	15	62	439	97	3,120	7,066	1,322
Number cleared by arrest...	17	13	55	121	79	878	1,847	385
Percentage cleared by arrest...	85.0	86.7	88.7	27.6	81.4	28.1	26.1	29.1
GROUP VI.—171 cities under 10,000; total population, 913,842:								
Number of offenses known...	11	20	45	187	104	1,935	3,519	675
Number cleared by arrest...	10	14	37	75	94	703	1,276	261
Percentage cleared by arrest...	90.9	70.0	82.2	40.1	90.4	36.3	36.3	38.7
Total, 306 cities; total population, 13,186,064:								
Number of offenses known...	504	324	1,122	12,984	3,973	42,267	106,361	17,528
Number cleared by arrest...	426	240	824	5,171	2,361	13,411	21,383	3,815
Percentage cleared by arrest...	84.5	74.1	73.4	39.8	59.4	31.7	20.1	21.8

TABLE 28.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 306 cities; total population, 13,186,064
	8 cities over 250,000; population, 7,998,100	6 cities to 100,000; population, 871,100	19 cities to 50,000; population, 1,233,210	32 cities to 25,000; population, 1,086,855	70 cities to 10,000; population, 1,082,977	171 cities under 10,000; population, 913,842	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged...	342	35	26	10	13	5	431
Rate per 100,000...	4.3	4.0	2.1	.9	1.2	.5	3.3
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged...	286	26	36	14	18	13	393
Rate per 100,000...	3.6	3.0	2.9	1.3	1.7	1.4	3.0
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged...	2,612	160	148	103	172	99	3,294
Rate per 100,000...	32.7	18.4	12.0	9.5	15.9	10.8	25.0

TABLE 28.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

## EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I 8 cities over 250,000; popula- tion, 7,908,100	Group II 6 cities 100,000 to 250,000; popu- lation, 871,100	Group III 19 cities 50,000 to 100,000; popu- lation, 1,233,210	Group IV 32 cities 25,000 to 50,000; popu- lation, 1,086,835	Group V 70 cities 10,000 to 25,000; popu- lation, 1,082,977	Group VI 171 cities under 10,000; popu- lation, 913,843	Total, 306 cities; total popula- tion, 13,186,084
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	1,943	102	113	95	86	99	2,438
Rate per 100,000	24.3	11.7	9.2	8.7	7.9	10.8	18.5
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	6,901	1,100	1,068	796	847	451	11,163
Rate per 100,000	86.3	126.3	86.6	73.2	78.2	49.4	84.7
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	4,269	543	564	515	600	587	7,168
Rate per 100,000	53.4	62.3	45.7	47.4	63.7	64.2	54.4
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	9,397	1,394	1,738	1,232	1,376	993	16,130
Rate per 100,000	117.5	160.0	140.9	113.4	127.1	108.7	122.3
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	1,184	372	253	318	355	238	2,720
Rate per 100,000	14.8	42.7	20.5	29.3	32.8	26.0	30.6
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	3,349	326	236	199	195	85	4,300
Rate per 100,000	41.9	37.4	19.1	18.3	18.0	9.3	33.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged	723	77	66	59	74	87	1,086
Rate per 100,000	9.0	8.8	5.4	5.4	6.8	9.5	8.2
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	469	130	133	127	130	82	1,071
Rate per 100,000	5.9	14.9	10.8	11.7	12.0	9.0	8.1
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	595	61	59	55	68	42	880
Rate per 100,000	7.4	7.0	4.8	5.1	6.3	4.6	6.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	8,435	329	199	144	152	7	9,266
Rate per 100,000	105.5	37.8	16.1	13.2	14.0	.8	70.3
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	1,553	268	311	192	200	91	1,215
Rate per 100,000	19.4	30.8	25.2	18.3	18.5	10.0	19.9
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	457	38	17	18	17	14	561
Rate per 100,000	5.7	4.4	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.5	4.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	888	78	102	65	84	77	1,294
Rate per 100,000	11.1	9.0	8.3	6.0	7.8	8.4	9.8
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	5,210	383	521	455	293	166	6,998
Rate per 100,000	65.1	44.0	42.2	41.9	24.3	18.2	53.1
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	2,628	585	338	307	178	85	4,121
Rate per 100,000	32.9	67.2	27.4	28.2	16.4	9.3	31.3
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	3,905	668	1,534	1,451	1,329	1,561	10,448
Rate per 100,000	48.8	76.7	124.4	133.5	122.7	170.8	79.2
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	3,579,887	63,850	77,536	54,077	42,725	35,106	4,853,241
Rate per 100,000	9,158.0	7,329.8	6,287.3	4,975.5	3,945.1	3,848.1	7,406.6
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	19,906	2,012	3,187	3,125	3,269	2,518	34,019
Rate per 100,000	248.9	231.0	256.4	287.5	301.9	275.5	258.0
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	70,731	7,296	9,316	9,383	7,902	6,174	110,802
Rate per 100,000	884.3	837.6	755.4	863.3	729.7	675.6	840.3
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	3,835	1,231	1,459	712	407	464	8,208
Rate per 100,000	47.9	162.8	118.3	65.5	37.6	50.8	62.2
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	17,944	1,173	1,046	358	427	133	21,081
Rate per 100,000	224.4	134.7	84.8	32.9	39.4	14.6	159.9
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	34,347	1,918	6,624	5,805	3,083	1,772	53,549
Rate per 100,000	459.4	220.2	537.1	534.1	284.7	193.9	406.1

<sup>1-4</sup> The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports of the number of cities as follows:<sup>1</sup> 31 cities, 1,050,455 population; <sup>2</sup> 306 cities, 13,149,864 population; <sup>3</sup> 7 cities, 6,332,000 population; <sup>4</sup> 305 cities, 11,519,964 population.

TABLE 29.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Rob- bery	Aggra- vated assault	Bur- glary- break- ing or enter- ing	Lar- ceny- theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonneg- ligent man- slau- ghter	Man- slaugh- ter by negli- gence						
<b>GROUP I.—</b> cities over 250,000; total population, 1,908,500:								
Number of offenses known.....	103	97	156	1,505	257	4,809	17,906	4,246
Number cleared by arrest.....	95	91	140	882	206	3,076	4,489	1,030
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	92.2	93.8	89.7	58.6	80.2	63.8	25.1	24.3
<b>GROUP II.—</b> 5 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 706,000:								
Number of offenses known.....	30	28	36	332	168	1,980	4,796	1,255
Number cleared by arrest.....	30	27	26	101	125	653	1,388	316
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	96.4	72.2	30.4	74.4	33.0	28.9	28.2
<b>GROUP III.—</b> 6 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 405,600:								
Number of offenses known.....	15	3	34	185	52	1,625	4,838	739
Number cleared by arrest.....	13	3	28	62	44	350	998	205
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	86.7	100.0	82.4	33.5	84.6	21.5	20.5	27.7
<b>GROUP IV.—</b> 6 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 205,500:								
Number of offenses known.....	4	1	10	90	23	738	2,587	377
Number cleared by arrest.....	4	1	9	40	22	229	760	111
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	100.0	90.0	44.4	95.7	30.2	29.4	29.4
<b>GROUP V.—</b> 36 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 503,117:								
Number of offenses known.....	13	6	34	126	118	1,469	4,638	742
Number cleared by arrest.....	11	6	30	50	109	454	1,222	309
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	84.6	100.0	88.2	39.7	92.4	30.9	26.3	41.6
<b>GROUP VI.—</b> 87 cities under 10,000; total population, 433,496:								
Number of offenses known.....	7	2	26	109	64	990	2,110	411
Number cleared by arrest.....	7	2	23	37	54	270	701	158
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	100.0	88.5	33.9	84.4	27.3	33.2	38.4
Total, 144 cities; total population, 4,252,213:								
Number of offenses known.....	172	137	296	2,347	682	11,631	36,895	7,770
Number cleared by arrest.....	160	130	256	1,172	560	8,026	9,558	2,129
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	93.0	94.9	86.5	49.9	82.1	43.2	25.9	27.4

TABLE 30.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 144 cities; total popu- lation, 4,252, 213
	4 cities over 250,000; popu- lation, 1,908,- 500	5 cities 100,000 to 250,000; popu- lation, 706,000	6 cities 50,000 to 100,000; popu- lation, 405,600	6 cities 25,000 to 50,000; popu- lation, 205,500	36 cities 10,000 to 25,000; popu- lation, 503,117	87 cities under 10,000; popu- lation, 433,496	
<b>Criminal homicide:</b>							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	85	39	9	4	11	7	155
Rate per 100,000.....	4.3	5.5	2.2	1.9	2.2	1.6	3.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	93	7	1	1	6	2	110
Rate per 100,000.....	4.7	1.0	.2	.5	1.2	.5	2.6
<b>Robbery:</b>							
Number of persons charged.....	503	129	44	33	65	45	819
Rate per 100,000.....	25.2	18.3	10.8	16.1	12.9	10.4	19.3

TABLE 30.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

## WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 144 cities; total population, 4,252, 213
	4 cities over 250,000; population, 1,998,- 500	5 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 706,000	6 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 405,600	6 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 205,500	36 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 503,117	87 cities under 10,000; population, 433,496	
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	308	137	41	13	119	80	668
Rate per 100,000	15.4	19.4	10.1	6.3	23.7	11.5	15.7
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	384	666	189	83	369	196	1,887
Rate per 100,000	19.2	94.3	46.6	40.4	73.3	45.2	44.4
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	1,103	512	264	124	426	244	2,673
Rate per 100,000	65.2	72.5	65.1	60.3	84.7	58.3	62.9
Larceny—thief:							
Number of persons charged	3,023	1,552	735	445	1,145	625	7,425
Rate per 100,000	151.3	219.8	181.2	216.5	227.6	121.1	174.6
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	634	207	143	74	280	137	1,445
Rate per 100,000	31.7	29.3	25.3	36.0	49.7	31.6	34.0
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	640	99	82	15	67	41	944
Rate per 100,000	32.0	14.0	20.2	7.3	13.3	9.5	22.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged	136	97	19	9	28	38	347
Rate per 100,000	6.8	13.7	2.6	4.4	8.6	18.7	8.3
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	237	143	85	34	154	67	720
Rate per 100,000	11.9	20.3	21.0	16.5	30.6	15.5	16.9
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	123	53	29	9	30	24	268
Rate per 100,000	6.2	7.5	7.1	4.4	6.0	5.5	6.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	5,815	175	82	44	58	39	6,213
Rate per 100,000	291.0	24.8	30.2	21.4	11.5	9.0	146.1
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	397	119	149	25	69	32	791
Rate per 100,000	19.9	16.9	36.7	12.2	13.7	7.4	18.6
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	149	22	51	14	14	24	274
Rate per 100,000	7.5	3.1	12.6	6.8	2.8	5.5	6.4
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	159	79	30	30	33	12	343
Rate per 100,000	8.0	11.2	7.4	14.6	6.6	2.8	8.1
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,089	120	122	14	75	23	1,2043
Rate per 100,000	84.5	17.0	35.9	6.8	14.9	5.3	48.8
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	254	741	132	139	439	300	2,014
Rate per 100,000	12.7	105.0	32.5	67.6	87.3	71.3	47.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	1,040	974	196	156	662	663	3,691
Rate per 100,000	52.0	138.0	48.3	75.9	131.6	152.9	86.8
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	204,795	41,465	14,984	3,997	15,798	7,696	288,735
Rate per 100,000	10,247.4	5,373.2	3,694.3	1,945.0	3,140.0	1,775.3	6,790.2
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	10,057	774	771	397	1,223	972	14,194
Rate per 100,000	503.2	109.6	190.1	193.2	243.1	224.2	333.8
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	12,815	13,476	5,062	2,781	7,793	5,993	47,900
Rate per 100,000	641.2	1,908.8	1,248.0	1,343.6	1,548.9	1,383.5	1,126.5
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	4,979	1,964	645	547	986	554	9,675
Rate per 100,000	249.1	278.2	159.0	268.2	196.0	127.8	227.5
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	153	602	1,089	120	171	128	2,263
Rate per 100,000	7.7	85.3	268.5	58.4	34.0	29.5	53.2
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	6,855	7,528	609	311	803	847	16,963
Rate per 100,000	343.0	1,086.3	150.1	151.3	159.6	195.4	396.7

1-2 The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports of the number of cities as follows:

1 5 cities, 339,000 population; 2 143 cities, 4,186,513 population.

TABLE 31.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,097,500:								
Number of offenses known	138	37	109	1,148	1,106	5,184	9,051	3,761
Number cleared by arrest	123	32	95	392	1,051	1,492	2,852	469
Percentage cleared by arrest	89.1	86.5	87.2	34.1	95.0	28.8	31.5	12.5
GROUP II.—3 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 453,510:								
Number of offenses known	93	22	57	516	785	2,266	9,121	1,663
Number cleared by arrest	86	18	48	154	559	705	1,713	277
Percentage cleared by arrest	92.5	81.8	84.2	29.8	73.1	21.4	18.8	16.5
GROUP III.—6 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 396,189:								
Number of offenses known	95	35	30	207	706	1,644	5,312	775
Number cleared by arrest	92	35	24	99	620	556	1,402	98
Percentage cleared by arrest	96.8	100.0	80.0	47.8	87.6	33.8	25.4	12.6
GROUP IV.—12 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 423,164:								
Number of offenses known	56	20	36	235	758	2,016	5,430	761
Number cleared by arrest	54	21	30	145	656	1,102	2,573	300
Percentage cleared by arrest	96.4	105.0	83.3	61.7	90.5	54.7	47.4	39.4
GROUP V.—12 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 204,749:								
Number of offenses known	26	5	16	87	263	748	1,859	311
Number cleared by arrest	26	6	15	68	232	303	813	98
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	120.0	93.8	78.2	88.2	40.5	43.7	30.9
GROUP VI.—30 cities under 10,000; total population, 153,553:								
Number of offenses known	29	43	22	70	333	669	1,178	244
Number cleared by arrest	21	34	21	35	293	282	528	78
Percentage cleared by arrest	72.4	79.1	95.5	44.3	88.0	37.7	44.8	32.0
Total, 65 cities; total population, 2,728,665:								
Number of offenses known	437	162	270	2,272	3,933	13,557	32,151	7,835
Number cleared by arrest	402	146	233	803	3,441	4,410	9,881	3,118
Percentage cleared by arrest	92.0	90.1	86.3	39.3	87.5	32.5	30.7	17.5

TABLE 32.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 65 cities; total population, 2,728,665
	2 cities over 100,000; population, 1,097,500	3 cities over 100,000 to 250,000; population, 453,510	6 cities over 50,000 to 100,000; population, 396,189	12 cities over 25,000 to 50,000; population, 423,164	12 cities over 10,000 to 25,000; population, 204,749	30 cities under 10,000; population, 153,553	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	130	118	88	56	28	18	441
Rate per 100,000	11.8	26.0	22.2	13.9	13.7	11.7	16.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	197	50	33	19	6	35	340
Rate per 100,000	17.9	11.0	8.3	4.5	2.9	22.8	12.5
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	402	212	112	157	67	45	1,085
Rate per 100,000	44.8	46.7	28.3	37.1	32.7	29.3	39.8

TABLE 32.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

## SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 65 cities; total population, 2,728,665
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 1,097,500	3 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 453,510	6 cities 50,000 to 100,000; population, 306,180	12 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 423,164	12 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 204,749	30 cities under 10,000; population, 153,563	
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	1,062	674	966	637	256	288	3,853
Rate per 100,000	96.8	148.6	242.8	150.5	125.0	197.6	142.3
Other assault:							
Number of persons charged	3,981	2,584	2,840	1,872	824	628	12,729
Rate per 100,000	362.7	569.8	716.8	442.4	402.4	409.0	466.5
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	1,540	743	625	749	228	274	4,159
Rate per 100,000	140.3	163.8	157.8	177.0	111.4	178.4	152.4
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	3,173	2,084	1,684	2,057	766	403	10,167
Rate per 100,000	289.1	459.5	425.0	486.1	374.1	262.5	372.6
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	770	219	84	104	89	90	1,386
Rate per 100,000	70.2	48.3	21.2	38.8	43.5	39.1	50.8
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	123	477	274	284	139	23	1,320
Rate per 100,000	11.2	105.2	69.2	67.1	67.9	15.0	48.4
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged	152	171	67	61	24	209	684
Rate per 100,000	13.8	37.7	16.9	14.4	11.7	136.1	25.1
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	91	76	118	126	48	57	515
Rate per 100,000	8.3	16.8	29.8	29.8	23.4	37.1	18.9
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	82	58	25	29	20	22	226
Rate per 100,000	7.5	12.8	6.3	6.9	9.8	14.3	8.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	2,312	1,709	392	384	143	92	5,032
Rate per 100,000	210.7	376.8	98.9	90.7	68.8	59.9	184.4
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	372	132	102	344	99	33	1,082
Rate per 100,000	33.9	29.1	25.7	81.3	48.4	21.5	39.7
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	34	16	3	6	7	2	68
Rate per 100,000	3.1	3.5	.8	1.4	3.4	1.3	2.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	406	234	225	292	88	84	1,329
Rate per 100,000	37.0	51.6	56.8	69.0	43.0	54.7	48.7
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1,376	971	396	751	172	91	3,757
Rate per 100,000	125.4	214.1	100.0	177.5	34.0	59.3	137.7
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	1,357	1,575	2,163	2,418	325	431	8,269
Rate per 100,000	123.6	347.3	546.0	571.4	158.7	280.7	303.0
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	1,918	611	746	1,110	497	572	5,454
Rate per 100,000	174.8	134.7	188.3	262.3	242.7	372.5	199.9
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	128,528	32,607	16,457	27,221	11,905	4,534	221,232
Rate per 100,000	11,711.0	7,189.9	4,153.8	6,432.7	5,814.4	2,952.7	8,108.4
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	18,364	8,063	4,290	3,670	2,426	1,368	38,201
Rate per 100,000	1,673.3	1,782.3	1,082.8	867.3	1,184.9	990.9	1,400.0
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	21,994	14,149	8,847	16,033	7,459	6,561	75,043
Rate per 100,000	2,004.0	3,119.9	2,233.0	3,788.8	3,643.0	4,272.8	2,750.2
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	2,075	2,292	437	1,081	408	304	6,497
Rate per 100,000	189.1	505.4	110.3	255.5	199.3	133.9	238.1
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	1,848	1,788	1,473	1,595	781	406	7,891
Rate per 100,000	168.4	394.3	371.8	376.9	381.4	264.4	280.2
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	10,168	9,947	3,835	5,968	1,216	886	32,040
Rate per 100,000	926.5	2,193.3	968.0	1,415.1	596.9	577.0	1,174.2

Total, 65 cities; total population, 2,728,665

1,085  
39.8441  
16.2340  
12.5

TABLE 33.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1933, by population groups

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES  
[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft						
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence												
<b>GROUP I.<sup>1</sup></b>														
<b>GROUP II.—1 city, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 110,600:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	28	18	—	48	53	385	845	270						
Number cleared by arrest.....	27	14	—	26	52	118	217	48						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	96.4	77.8	—	54.2	98.1	30.6	25.7	17.8						
<b>GROUP III.—2 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 134,400:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	28	15	5	62	82	562	919	229						
Number cleared by arrest.....	22	15	5	11	77	114	351	22						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	78.6	100.0	100.0	17.7	93.9	20.3	38.2	9.6						
<b>GROUP IV.—1 city, 25,000 to 50,000; population, 32,824:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	5	1	1	23	18	186	230	45						
Number cleared by arrest.....	6	1	2	19	18	65	55	6						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	120.0	100.0	200.0	82.6	100.0	34.9	22.0	13.3						
<b>GROUP V.—4 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 62,800:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	7	3	2	20	17	168	616	81						
Number cleared by arrest.....	4	3	1	15	16	56	235	23						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	57.1	100.0	50.0	75.0	94.1	33.3	41.4	28.4						
<b>GROUP VI.—9 cities under 10,000; total population, 50,667:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	13	5	5	19	73	100	280	35						
Number cleared by arrest.....	9	4	3	17	73	47	208	23						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	69.2	80.0	60.0	89.5	100.0	47.0	74.3	65.7						
<b>Total, 17 cities; total population, 391,291:</b>														
Number of offenses known.....	81	42	13	172	243	1,401	2,910	660						
Number cleared by arrest.....	68	37	11	88	236	400	1,086	122						
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	84.0	88.1	84.6	51.2	97.1	28.6	37.3	18.5						

<sup>1</sup> No cities in this population group represented.

TABLE 34.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1933, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES  
[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I <sup>1</sup>	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 17 cities; total population, 391,291
		1 city to 250,000; population, 110,600	2 cities to 100,000; population, 134,400	1 city to 25,000; population, 32,824	4 cities to 10,000; population, 62,800	9 cities under 10,000; population, 50,667	
<b>Criminal homicide:</b>							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....		27	25	6	3	10	71
Rate per 100,000.....		24.4	18.6	18.3	4.8	19.7	18.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....		14	11	1	3	4	33
Rate per 100,000.....		12.7	8.2	3.0	4.8	7.9	8.4

<sup>1</sup> No cities in this population group represented.

TABLE 34.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

## EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 17 cities; total population, 391,291
		1 city 100,000 to 250,000; popu- lation, 110,600	2 cities 50,000 to 100,000; popu- lation, 134,400	1 city 25,000 to 50,000; popu- lation, 32,824	4 cities 10,000 to 25,000; popu- lation, 62,900	9 cities under 10,000; popu- lation, 50,667	
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged		26	36	33	14	17	126
Rate per 100,000		23.8	26.8	100.5	22.3	33.6	32.2
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged		52	78	19	14	73	236
Rate per 100,000		47.0	58.0	57.9	22.3	144.1	60.3
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged		398	57	296	62	813	
Rate per 100,000		296.1	173.7	471.3	122.4	207.8	
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged		118	125	65	60	52	420
Rate per 100,000		106.7	93.0	198.0	95.5	102.6	107.3
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged		217	346	65	163	219	1,009
Rate per 100,000		196.2	257.4	198.0	258.0	432.2	257.9
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged		48	16	6	22	23	115
Rate per 100,000		43.4	11.9	18.3	35.0	45.4	29.4
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged		1	64	11	12	3	91
Rate per 100,000		.9	47.6	33.5	19.1	5.9	20.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged		8	14	16	33	9	79
Rate per 100,000		7.2	10.4	48.7	51.0	17.8	20.2
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged		17	8	12	15	48	100
Rate per 100,000		15.4	6.0	36.6	23.9	94.7	25.6
Rape:							
Number of persons charged		7	3	1	4	15	
Rate per 100,000		.5.2	9.1	1.6	7.9	3.8	
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged		403	2	52	27	484	
Rate per 100,000		364.4	1.5	158.4	53.3	123.7	
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged		8	5	5	5	23	
Rate per 100,000		6.0	15.2	8.0	9.9	5.9	
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged		6	6	1	2	15	
Rate per 100,000		4.5	18.3	1.6	3.9	3.8	
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged		64	56	11	72	23	226
Rate per 100,000		57.9	41.7	33.5	114.6	45.4	57.8
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged		161	6	43	7	10	227
Rate per 100,000		145.6	4.5	131.0	11.1	19.7	58.0
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged		432	234	26	291	173	1,156
Rate per 100,000		390.6	174.1	79.2	463.4	341.4	295.4
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged		142	252	10	201	136	741
Rate per 100,000		128.4	187.5	30.5	320.1	268.4	189.4
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged		7,411	4,910	166	1,593	321	14,401
Rate per 100,000		6,700.7	3,653.3	505.7	2,536.6	633.5	3,680.4
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged		474	1,017	343	756	563	3,153
Rate per 100,000		428.6	756.7	1,045.0	1,203.8	1,111.2	805.8
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged		3,112	2,475	10	3,051	2,627	11,275
Rate per 100,000		2,813.7	1,841.5	30.5	4,858.3	5,184.8	2,881.5
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged		254	75	106	88	523	
Rate per 100,000		189.0	228.5	105.8	173.7	133.7	
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged		321	91	9	111	147	679
Rate per 100,000		290.2	67.7	27.4	176.8	290.1	173.5
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged		1,002	163	362	566	2,183	
Rate per 100,000		812.5	496.6	576.4	1,117.1	557.9	

TABLE 35.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
<b>GROUP I.—4 cities over 250,000; total population, 1,066,900:</b>								
Number of offenses known	185	53	75	514	855	4,125	13,870	2,057
Number cleared by arrest	173	51	65	334	705	1,670	2,868	663
Percentage cleared by arrest	93.5	96.2	86.7	65.0	82.5	40.5	20.7	32.2
<b>GROUP II.—4 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 719,900:</b>								
Number of offenses known	87	61	63	628	885	3,697	10,106	1,464
Number cleared by arrest	82	53	58	210	462	1,442	3,903	427
Percentage cleared by arrest	94.3	86.9	92.1	33.4	79.0	39.0	38.6	29.2
<b>GROUP III.—4 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 255,100:</b>								
Number of offenses known	26	10	18	102	300	806	2,568	369
Number cleared by arrest	20	9	14	55	218	369	855	81
Percentage cleared by arrest	76.9	90.0	77.8	53.9	72.7	45.8	33.3	22.0
<b>GROUP IV.—4 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 116,300:</b>								
Number of offenses known	10	4	7	66	41	363	1,276	146
Number cleared by arrest	8	4	7	26	42	156	585	47
Percentage cleared by arrest	80.0	100.0	100.0	39.4	102.4	43.0	45.8	32.2
<b>GROUP V.—4 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 240,147:</b>								
Number of offenses known	33	4	25	104	231	818	2,746	329
Number cleared by arrest	30	5	22	70	210	297	879	85
Percentage cleared by arrest	90.9	125.0	88.0	67.3	90.9	35.3	32.0	25.8
<b>GROUP VI.—26 cities under 10,000; total population, 149,406:</b>								
Number of offenses known	18	5	13	40	73	537	1,126	142
Number cleared by arrest	18	5	10	25	63	237	428	73
Percentage cleared by arrest	100.0	100.0	76.9	62.5	86.3	44.1	38.0	51.4
<b>Total, 55 cities; total population, 2,547,753:</b>								
Number of offenses known	359	137	201	1,454	2,085	10,346	31,692	4,507
Number cleared by arrest	331	127	176	720	1,700	4,171	9,518	1,376
Percentage cleared by arrest	92.2	92.7	87.6	49.5	81.5	40.3	30.0	30.5

TABLE 36.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 55 cities; total population, 2,547,753
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged	141	76	22	7	31	18	295
Rate per 100,000	13.2	10.6	8.6	6.0	12.9	12.0	11.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged	24	39	18	3	5	5	94
Rate per 100,000	2.2	5.4	7.1	2.6	2.1	3.3	3.7
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged	330	258	63	34	82	31	793
Rate per 100,000	30.9	35.1	24.7	29.2	34.1	20.7	31.1

TABLE 36.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups—Continued*

WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 55 cities; total population, 2,547,753
	3 cities over 250,000; popula- tion, 1,066,900	4 cities 100,000 to 250,000; popula- tion, 719,900	4 cities 50,000 to 100,000; popula- tion, 255,100	4 cities 25,000 to 50,000; popula- tion, 116,300	14 cities 10,000 to 25,000; popula- tion, 240,147	26 cities under 10,000; popula- tion, 149,406	
<b>Aggravated assault:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	673	447	226	37	214	38	1,635
Rate per 100,000 .....	63.1	62.1	88.6	31.8	89.1	25.4	64.2
<b>Other assaults:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	1,165	1,308	348	549	775	234	4,370
Rate per 100,000 .....	109.2	181.7	136.4	472.1	322.7	156.6	171.9
<b>Burglary—breaking or entering:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	1,188	935	380	111	311	184	3,109
Rate per 100,000 .....	111.4	129.9	149.0	95.4	129.5	123.2	122.0
<b>Larceny—theft:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	3,052	2,472	1,010	467	650	305	7,956
Rate per 100,000 .....	286.1	343.4	395.9	401.5	270.7	204.1	312.3
<b>Auto theft:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	483	342	82	35	67	65	1,074
Rate per 100,000 .....	45.3	47.5	32.1	30.1	27.9	43.5	42.2
<b>Embezzlement and fraud:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	297	93	87	22	93	20	612
Rate per 100,000 .....	27.8	12.9	34.1	18.9	35.7	18.4	24.0
<b>Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	176	220	84	5	66	94	644
Rate per 100,000 .....	16.5	30.6	32.9	4.3	27.1	62.9	25.3
<b>Forgery and counterfeiting:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	286	235	96	48	91	41	707
Rate per 100,000 .....	26.8	32.6	37.6	41.3	37.9	27.4	31.3
<b>Rape:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	83	66	17	8	21	9	204
Rate per 100,000 .....	7.8	9.2	6.7	6.9	8.7	6.0	8.0
<b>Prostitution and commercialized vice:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	805	2,585	89	14	163	11	3,667
Rate per 100,000 .....	75.5	359.1	34.9	12.0	67.9	7.4	143.9
<b>Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	196	231	248	117	29	13	834
Rate per 100,000 .....	18.4	32.1	97.2	100.6	12.1	8.7	32.7
<b>Narcotic drug laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	395	241	22	3	11	6	678
Rate per 100,000 .....	37.0	33.5	8.6	2.6	4.6	4.0	26.6
<b>Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	329	285	91	49	83	36	873
Rate per 100,000 .....	30.8	39.6	35.7	42.1	34.6	24.1	34.3
<b>Offenses against family and children:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	1,139	19	8	3	25	9	1,203
Rate per 100,000 .....	17.6	4.0	3.1	2.6	10.4	6.0	10.0
<b>Liquor laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	267	1,765	337	74	181	139	4,1,763
Rate per 100,000 .....	25.0	160.6	132.1	63.6	75.4	92.0	76.5
<b>Driving while intoxicated:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	584	496	166	224	303	204	1,977
Rate per 100,000 .....	54.7	68.9	65.1	192.6	126.2	136.5	77.6
<b>Traffic and motor vehicle laws:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	245,271	128,395	22,659	12,493	21,048	3,757	433,623
Rate per 100,000 .....	22,989.1	17,635.1	8,882.4	10,742.0	8,764.6	2,514.6	17,019.8
<b>Disorderly conduct:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	10,468	2,420	1,289	257	1,845	653	16,932
Rate per 100,000 .....	981.2	336.2	505.3	221.0	768.3	437.1	664.6
<b>Drunkenness:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	19,672	17,192	5,680	3,233	9,220	3,272	58,269
Rate per 100,000 .....	1,843.8	2,388.1	2,236.6	2,779.9	3,839.3	2,190.0	2,287.1
<b>Vagrancy:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	5,510	5,779	864	1,074	1,283	254	14,764
Rate per 100,000 .....	516.4	802.8	338.7	923.5	534.3	170.0	579.5
<b>Gambling:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	4,297	2,407	1,013	161	743	299	8,920
Rate per 100,000 .....	402.8	334.4	397.1	138.4	308.4	200.1	350.1
<b>All other offenses:</b>							
Number of persons charged .....	6,559	9,888	1,011	772	1,857	804	20,891
Rate per 100,000 .....	614.8	1,373.5	396.3	663.8	775.3	698.1	920.0

<sup>1-4</sup> The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports of the number of cities as follows:  
<sup>1</sup> 2 cities, 788,900 population; <sup>2</sup> 3 cities, 476,400 population; <sup>3</sup> 53 cities, 2,026,253 population; <sup>4</sup> 54 cities, 2,304,253 population.

TABLE 37.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## MOUNTAIN STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—1 city over 250,000; population, 293,200:								
Number of offenses known.....	8	8	11	191	47	829	2,360	464
Number cleared by arrest.....	7	6	9	160	44	444	550	283
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	87.5	75.0	81.8	83.8	93.6	53.6	23.3	61.0
GROUP II.—1 city, 100,000 to 250,000; population, 144,200:								
Number of offenses known.....	3	8	3	87	29	800	1,510	533
Number cleared by arrest.....	3	7	2	33	23	251	308	187
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	67.5	66.7	37.9	79.3	31.4	20.4	35.1
GROUP III.—1 city, 50,000 to 100,000; population, 51,300:								
Number of offenses known.....	8			40	19	248	524	100
Number cleared by arrest.....	8			8	15	117	115	7
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0			20.0	78.9	47.2	21.9	7.0
GROUP IV.—3 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 102,500:								
Number of offenses known.....	2	4	8	71	12	706	2,356	449
Number cleared by arrest.....	2	3	8	26	10	331	378	28
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	75.0	100.0	36.6	83.3	46.9	16.0	6.2
GROUP V.—9 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 137,744:								
Number of offenses known.....	5		17	73	27	508	2,927	461
Number cleared by arrest.....	4		13	30	24	195	853	62
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	80.0		76.5	41.1	88.9	32.6	29.1	13.4
GROUP VI.—30 cities under 10,000; total population, 169,279:								
Number of offenses known.....	8	4	12	45	42	542	1,439	218
Number cleared by arrest.....	6	2	11	20	39	273	471	115
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	75.0	50.0	91.7	44.4	92.9	50.4	32.7	52.8
Total, 45 cities; total population, 898,223:								
Number of offenses known.....	34	24	51	507	176	3,723	11,116	2,225
Number cleared by arrest.....	30	18	43	277	155	1,611	2,675	682
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	88.2	75.0	84.3	54.6	88.1	43.3	24.1	30.7

TABLE 38.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## MOUNTAIN STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 45 cities; total population, 898,223
	1 city over 250,000; population, 293,200	1 city 100,000 to 250,000; population, 144,200	1 city 50,000 to 100,000; population, 51,300	3 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 102,500	9 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 137,744	30 cities under 10,000; population, 169,279	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	7	3	8	2	2	5	27
Rate per 100,000.....	2.4	2.1	15.6	2.0	1.5	3.0	3.0
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	3	8		2		2.4	17
Rate per 100,000.....	1.0	5.5		2.0		2.4	1.9
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged.....	57	33	5	19	36	17	167
Rate per 100,000.....	19.4	22.9	9.7	18.5	26.1	10.0	18.6

TABLE 38.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

## MOUNTAIN STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 45 cities; total population, 808,223
	1 city over 250,000; population, 293,300	1 city 100,000 to 250,000; population, 144,200	1 city 100,000; population, 51,300	3 cities 25,000 to 50,000; population, 102,500	9 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 137,744	30 cities under 10,000; population, 169,279	
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	11	23	12	9	33	44	132
Rate per 100,000	3.8	16.0	23.4	8.8	24.0	20.0	14.7
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	2	44	38	89	252	162	587
Rate per 100,000	.7	30.5	74.1	86.8	182.9	95.7	65.4
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	125	119	26	121	147	189	727
Rate per 100,000	42.6	82.5	50.7	118.0	106.7	111.6	80.9
Larceny—thief:							
Number of persons charged	507	452	83	441	602	315	2,400
Rate per 100,000	172.9	313.5	161.8	430.2	437.0	186.1	267.2
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	66	84	3	26	48	73	300
Rate per 100,000	22.5	58.3	5.8	25.4	34.8	43.1	33.4
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	68	28	3	26	62	28	215
Rate per 100,000	23.2	19.4	5.8	25.4	45.0	16.5	23.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged	—	24	4	18	2	11	59
Rate per 100,000	—	16.6	7.8	17.6	1.5	6.5	6.6
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	9	24	22	25	64	45	189
Rate per 100,000	3.1	16.6	42.9	24.4	46.5	26.6	21.0
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	14	3	—	8	13	7	45
Rate per 100,000	4.8	2.1	—	7.8	9.4	4.1	5.0
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	(1)	60	12	140	124	133	1,469
Rate per 100,000	(1)	41.6	23.4	136.6	90.0	78.6	77.5
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	10	46	20	59	50	34	219
Rate per 100,000	3.4	31.9	39.0	57.6	36.3	20.1	24.4
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	18	33	5	10	17	16	99
Rate per 100,000	6.1	22.9	9.7	9.8	12.3	9.5	11.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	34	20	7	17	17	17	112
Rate per 100,000	11.6	13.9	13.6	16.6	12.3	10.0	12.5
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	1	—	2	2	18	12	35
Rate per 100,000	.3	—	3.9	2.0	13.1	7.1	3.9
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	22	—	—	37	50	61	170
Rate per 100,000	7.5	—	—	36.1	36.3	36.0	18.9
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	295	163	75	187	296	389	1,405
Rate per 100,000	100.6	113.0	146.2	182.4	214.9	229.8	156.4
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	22,137	22,372	1,347	10,819	13,929	5,539	76,143
Rate per 100,000	7,550.1	15,514.6	2,625.7	10,555.1	10,112.2	3,272.2	8,477.1
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	1,141	29	197	519	2,446	899	5,231
Rate per 100,000	389.2	20.1	384.0	506.3	1,775.8	531.1	582.4
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	2,422	1,460	828	2,685	2,966	3,432	13,763
Rate per 100,000	826.1	1,012.5	1,014.0	2,619.5	2,131.5	2,027.4	1,532.2
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	(1)	640	338	454	919	890	3,241
Rate per 100,000	(1)	443.8	658.9	442.9	667.2	525.8	535.7
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	92	414	15	108	50	148	822
Rate per 100,000	31.4	287.1	29.2	100.5	36.3	87.4	91.5
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	2,053	328	584	1,543	751	427	5,683
Rate per 100,000	700.2	225.4	1,138.4	1,505.4	545.2	262.2	632.7

<sup>1</sup> Figures for prostitution and commercialized vice and vagrancy were not separately listed on the report for this city. The combined figure for those classes is 2,165.

<sup>2</sup> Figures for prostitution and commercialized vice and vagrancy are based on reports of 44 cities with a total population of 605,023.

TABLE 39.—Number of offenses known, number and percentage of offenses cleared by arrest, 1938, by population groups

## PACIFIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Population group	Criminal homicide		Rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary-breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
	Murder, nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence						
GROUP I.—2 cities, over 250,000; total population, 951,800:								
Number of offenses known.....	25	141	104	1,025	534	4,111	11,644	3,671
Number cleared by arrest.....	22	111	56	228	311	1,107	1,777	443
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	88.0	78.7	53.8	22.2	58.2	26.9	15.3	12.1
GROUP II.—3 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population, 354,900:								
Number of offenses known.....	15	22	15	198	105	1,657	4,741	991
Number cleared by arrest.....	14	21	13	54	49	440	767	170
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	93.3	95.5	86.7	27.3	46.7	26.6	16.2	17.2
GROUP III.—4 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population, 403,367:								
Number of offenses known.....	7	14	44	287	62	2,054	7,525	908
Number cleared by arrest.....	7	13	42	142	46	713	1,762	177
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	100.0	92.9	95.5	49.5	74.2	34.7	23.4	19.5
GROUP IV.—10 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population, 321,000:								
Number of offenses known.....	6	8	23	220	41	1,650	4,460	932
Number cleared by arrest.....	5	8	22	79	34	443	687	117
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	83.3	100.0	95.7	35.9	82.9	26.7	15.4	12.6
GROUP V.—24 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population, 364,908:								
Number of offenses known.....	7	10	23	149	40	1,677	6,075	1,013
Number cleared by arrest.....	5	9	21	27	35	471	1,148	275
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	71.4	90.0	91.3	18.1	87.5	28.1	18.9	27.1
GROUP VI.—75 cities under 10,000; total population, 393,403:								
Number of offenses known.....	18	6	56	124	111	1,513	4,812	742
Number cleared by arrest.....	16	7	55	57	90	536	1,396	240
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	88.9	116.7	98.2	46.0	81.1	35.4	27.8	32.3
Total, 119 cities; total population, 2,819,378:								
Number of offenses known.....	78	201	265	2,003	893	12,671	39,257	8,257
Number cleared by arrest.....	69	169	209	587	565	3,710	7,477	1,422
Percentage cleared by arrest.....	88.5	84.1	78.9	29.3	63.3	29.3	19.0	17.2

TABLE 40.—Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups

## PACIFIC STATES

[Population as estimated July 1, 1933, by the Bureau of the Census]

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 119 cities; total population, 2,819,378
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 951,800	3 cities to 250,000; population, 364,900	5 cities to 100,000; population, 403,367	10 cities to 50,000; population, 321,000	24 cities to 25,000; population, 364,908	75 cities under 10,000; population, 393,403	
Criminal homicide:							
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter:							
Number of persons charged.....	21	8	5	7	4	15	60
Rate per 100,000.....	2.2	2.1	1.2	2.2	1.1	3.8	2.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence:							
Number of persons charged.....	103	10	11	10	6	7	147
Rate per 100,000.....	10.8	2.6	2.7	3.1	1.6	1.8	5.2
Robbery:							
Number of persons charged.....	186	51	104	56	37	74	507
Rate per 100,000.....	19.4	13.3	25.8	17.4	10.1	18.8	18.0

TABLE 40.—*Persons charged (held for prosecution), 1938, number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants, by population groups*—Continued

## PACIFIC STATES—Continued

Offense charged	Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	Total, 119 cities; total population, 2,819,378
	2 cities over 250,000; population, 951,900	3 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 384,900	5 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population, 403,367	10 cities 50,000 to 50,000; population, 321,000	24 cities 10,000 to 25,000; population, 364,908	75 cities under 10,000; population, 203,403	
Aggravated assault:							
Number of persons charged	220	34	37	50	29	86	456
Rate per 100,000	23.1	8.8	9.2	15.6	7.9	21.9	16.2
Other assaults:							
Number of persons charged	857	190	365	160	184	242	2,007
Rate per 100,000	90.0	51.7	90.5	49.8	50.4	61.5	71.2
Burglary—breaking or entering:							
Number of persons charged	556	183	385	296	289	352	2,033
Rate per 100,000	58.4	48.1	95.4	82.9	79.2	89.5	72.1
Larceny—theft:							
Number of persons charged	1,450	606	1,122	616	780	860	5,494
Rate per 100,000	152.3	173.0	278.2	191.9	213.8	218.6	194.9
Auto theft:							
Number of persons charged	281	96	187	130	209	246	1,139
Rate per 100,000	29.5	24.9	46.4	37.4	57.3	62.5	40.4
Embezzlement and fraud:							
Number of persons charged	73	116	122	85	32	48	476
Rate per 100,000	7.7	30.1	30.2	26.5	8.8	12.2	16.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing:							
Number of persons charged	42	81	30	11	15	24	203
Rate per 100,000	4.4	21.0	7.4	3.4	4.1	6.1	7.2
Forgery and counterfeiting:							
Number of persons charged	209	110	117	122	125	147	830
Rate per 100,000	22.0	28.6	29.0	38.0	34.3	37.4	29.4
Rape:							
Number of persons charged	34	13	38	39	36	57	207
Rate per 100,000	3.6	3.4	9.4	12.1	7.1	14.5	7.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice:							
Number of persons charged	5,404	183	295	176	216	88	6,422
Rate per 100,000	574.1	47.5	73.1	54.8	59.2	22.4	227.8
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution):							
Number of persons charged	197	59	198	105	98	84	741
Rate per 100,000	20.7	15.3	49.1	32.7	26.9	21.4	26.3
Narcotic drug laws:							
Number of persons charged	361	9	40	16	11	20	457
Rate per 100,000	37.9	2.3	9.9	5.0	3.0	5.1	16.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.:							
Number of persons charged	102	42	50	24	19	37	274
Rate per 100,000	10.7	10.9	12.4	7.5	5.2	9.4	9.7
Offenses against family and children:							
Number of persons charged	622	58	89	78	43	64	954
Rate per 100,000	65.3	15.1	22.1	24.3	11.8	16.3	33.8
Liquor laws:							
Number of persons charged	95	180	40	53	258	149	768
Rate per 100,000	9.2	46.8	9.9	16.5	70.7	37.9	27.2
Driving while intoxicated:							
Number of persons charged	804	1,081	1,047	936	1,406	2,056	7,330
Rate per 100,000	84.5	260.9	259.6	291.6	385.3	522.6	260.0
Traffic and motor vehicle laws:							
Number of persons charged	1,30,632	65,844	53,761	62,204	50,243	37,987	1,300,671
Rate per 100,000	10,362.7	17,106.8	13,328.1	19,378.2	13,768.7	9,656.0	13,899.5
Disorderly conduct:							
Number of persons charged	917	1,495	636	717	1,052	1,570	6,387
Rate per 100,000	96.3	388.4	157.7	223.4	288.3	399.1	226.5
Drunkenness:							
Number of persons charged	44,269	12,614	3,833	7,554	8,540	9,417	86,227
Rate per 100,000	4,651.1	3,277.2	950.3	2,353.3	2,340.3	2,398.7	3,058.4
Vagrancy:							
Number of persons charged	7,419	3,298	5,867	1,860	2,804	2,149	23,406
Rate per 100,000	779.5	856.8	1,454.5	582.2	703.1	546.3	833.4
Gambling:							
Number of persons charged	11,376	916	163	215	313	142	13,626
Rate per 100,000	1,247.7	238.0	40.4	67.0	85.8	36.3	483.3
All other offenses:							
Number of persons charged	7,800	3,823	1,922	1,004	941	2,072	17,562
Rate per 100,000	819.5	593.2	476.5	312.8	257.9	526.7	622.9

<sup>1-2</sup> The number of persons charged and the rate are based on the reports of the number of cities as follows:  
<sup>1</sup>1 city, 295,600 population; <sup>2</sup> 118 cities, 2,163,178 population.

## OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

In order to indicate more clearly the types of offenses included in part I and part II offenses, there follows a brief definition of each classification:

### *Part I Offenses.*

1. *Criminal homicide.*—(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter includes all felonious homicides except those caused by negligence. Does not include attempts to kill, assaults to kill, justifiable homicides, suicides, or accidental deaths. (b) Manslaughter by negligence includes only those cases in which death is caused by culpable negligence which is so clearly evident that if the person responsible for the death were apprehended he would be prosecuted for manslaughter.

2. *Rape.*—Includes forcible rape, statutory rape, assault to rape, and attempted rape.

3. *Robbery.*—Includes stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as highway robbery, stick-ups, robbery armed. Includes assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. *Aggravated assault.*—Includes assault with intent to kill; assault by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by use of acids. Does not include simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. *Burglary—breaking or entering.*—Includes burglary, housebreaking, safe-cracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or theft. Includes attempted burglary and assault to commit a burglary. Burglary followed by a larceny is entered here and is not counted again under larceny.

6. *Larceny—theft* (except auto theft).—(a) Fifty dollars and over in value. (b) Under \$50 in value—includes in one of the above subclassifications, depending upon the value of property stolen, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, or any stealing of property or thing of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, passing worthless checks, etc.

7. *Auto theft.*—Includes all cases where a motor vehicle is stolen or driven away and abandoned, including the so-called "joy-riding" thefts. Does not include taking for temporary use when actually returned by the taker, or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

### *Part II Offenses.*

8. *Other assaults.*—Includes all assaults and attempted assaults which are not of an aggravated nature and which do not belong in class 4.

9. *Forgery and counterfeiting.*—Includes offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

10. *Embezzlement and fraud.*—Includes all offenses of fraudulent conversion, embezzlement, and obtaining money or property by false pretenses.

11. *Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.*—Includes buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property as well as attempts to commit any of those offenses.

12. *Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.*—Includes all violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and all attempts to violate such statutes or regulations.

13. *Prostitution and commercialized vice.*—Includes sex offenses of a commercialized nature, or attempts to commit the same, such as, prostitution, keeping bawdy house, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes.

14. *Sex offenses* (except rape and prostitution and commercialized vice).—Includes offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.

15. *Offenses against the family and children.*—Includes offenses of nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

16. *Narcotic drug laws.*—Includes offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale, or use. Exclude Federal offenses.

17. *Liquor laws.*—With the exception of "Drunkenness" (class 18) and "Driving while intoxicated" (class 22), liquor law violations, State or local, are placed in this class. Exclude Federal violations.

18. *Drunkenness*.—Includes all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication.
19. *Disorderly conduct*.—Includes all charges of committing a breach of the peace.
20. *Vagrancy*.—Includes such offenses as vagabondage; begging; loitering; etc.
21. *Gambling*.—Includes offenses of promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.
22. *Driving while intoxicated*.—Includes driving or operating any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.
23. *Violation of road and driving laws*.—Includes violations of regulations with respect to the proper handling of a motor vehicle to prevent accidents.
24. *Parking violations*.—Includes violations of parking ordinances.
25. *Other violations of traffic and motor vehicle laws*.—Includes violations of State laws and municipal ordinances with regard to traffic and motor vehicles not otherwise provided for in classes 22-24.
26. *All other offenses*.—Includes all violations of State or local laws for which no provision has been made above in classes 1-25.
27. *Suspicion*.—This classification includes all persons arrested as suspicious characters but not in connection with any specific offense and who are released without formal charges being placed against them.

